



HYDRAULIC AND OTHER TABLES

for purposes of

SEWERAGE & WATER-SUPPLY

By THOMAS HENNELL

M.INST. C.E.

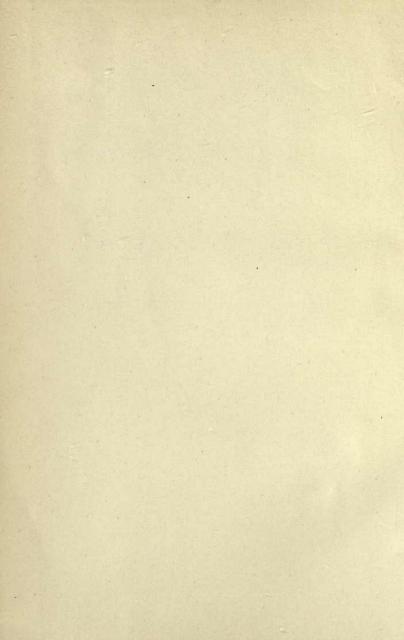
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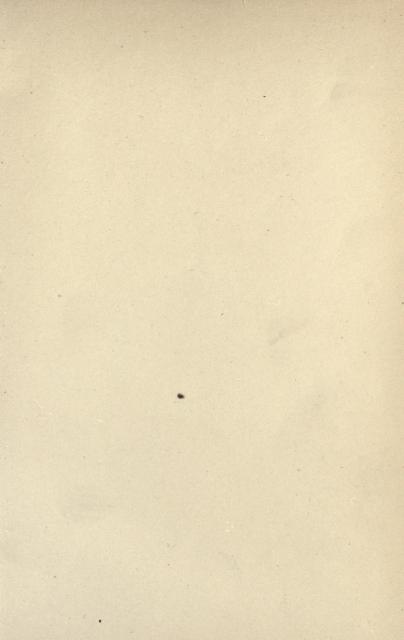
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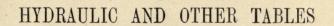
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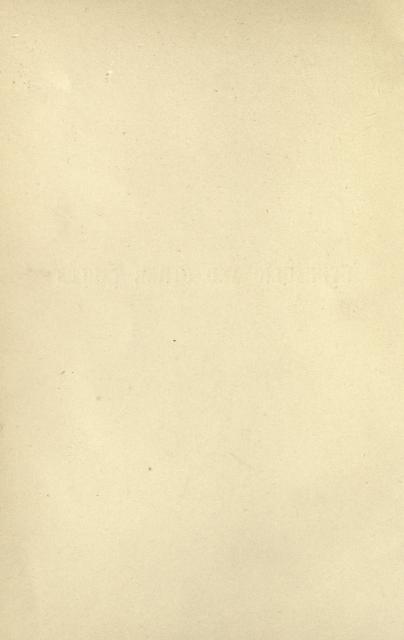












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THOMAS HENNELL
M. Inst. C.E.

SECOND EDITION, REVISED

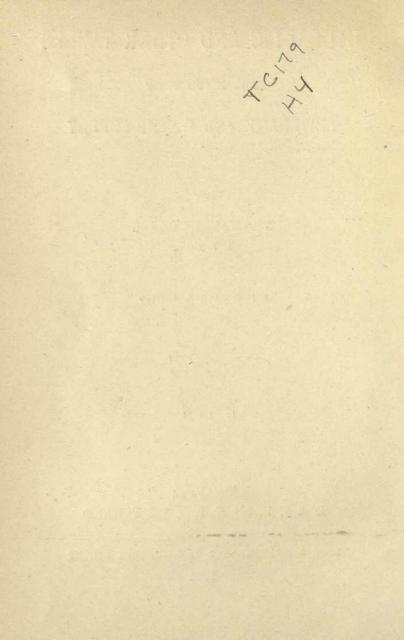


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PREFACE TO SECOND EDITION.

THE First Edition of the Tables having become exhausted, the Author has thought it only right, before reprinting, to bring some parts of the work more nearly up to date.

For that purpose he has entirely rewritten Tables X., XI., XII. and XV., relating to Rainfall and Analysis of Water, availing himself for that purpose of more recent observations and researches; and the Introductory Remarks have been altered in accordance.

The subject of Flow in Pipes and Channels has been investigated by numerous authorities, both mathematicians and engineers, during the past seventeen years, and many series of experiments have been made under varying circumstances.

No formula has, however, yet been arrived at which can be universally accepted as superseding that on which the Tables are based, and the Author does not think any apology necessary for reproducing them as they are.

He has, however, endeavoured in the Introductory Chapter to make some comparison between them and the results obtained by other methods, and so to indicate more fully than he did before the limits within which they should be relied on for practical use.

6 DELAHAY STREET, WESTMINSTER. February, 1901.

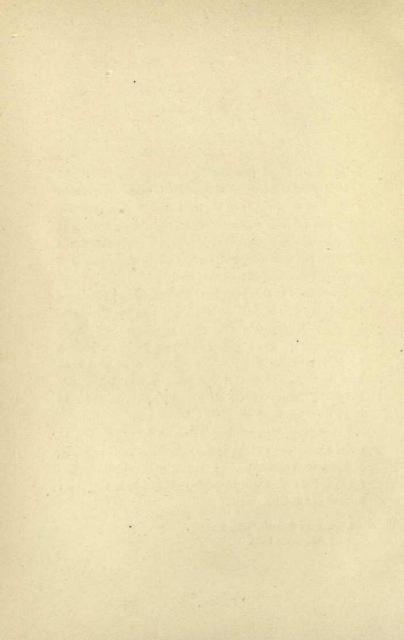
PREFACE.

It has been found that the Engineering Pocket Books in most general use give comparatively little information relating to Sewerage and Water Supply. And even the large and valuable works of the late Mr. Beardmore and others contain somewhat abridged Tables applicable to the calculations most frequently required in designing and carrying out works of moderate size.

The Tables in this book have been calculated from time to time by the author to meet his own requirements. Thinking it probable that other engineers will have experienced the same want as himself, he has now been induced to make them public. The greater part have been used in manuscript for some years; but a few additional Tables have been recently added in order to make the work more complete.

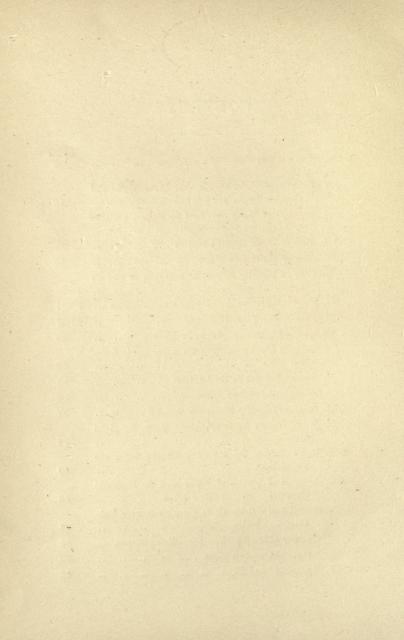
Every precaution has been taken, as far as possible, to guard against errors both in the calculations and printing. If however, notwithstanding, any mistakes should be discovered, the author will be greatly obliged by having them pointed out to him.

6, DELAHAY STREET, WESTMINSTER,
November 1883.



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DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS ON

THE

USE OF THE TABLES.

TABLES I. and II. show the quantities of water in gallons per foot contained in pipes, wells, tanks, &c., of given dimensions, and require no explanation.

TABLES III. and IV. give the discharge in gallons per minute of water passing through sluices and over weirs under ordinary conditions. Correction is required in case of bell-mouthed or specially formed orifices, and also where there is any considerable velocity of current in approaching the outlets; but the notes at the heads of the Tables, to which attention should be directed, will enable this to be made with sufficient accuracy for most practical purposes.

TABLE V. shows the velocity and discharge under varying conditions of flow in circular sewers and conduits, from 9 inches to 6 feet in diameter.

In designing and carrying out sewerage works, it is important to know not only the maximum carrying

capacity of the sewers, but also the effect produced by the much smaller quantity which will be generally flowing through them. This is essential in order to ascertain whether flushing will be required, and if so, what quantity of water will be needed for the purpose. The Table consequently shows, not only the maximum discharge and velocity of each kind of sewer under the most favourable circumstances, but also the discharge and velocity of the same sewers when full to one-half, one-quarter, and one-eighth only of their heights respectively. If a sewer should at any time run quite full, its discharge will be somewhat less than that indicated in the fourth column, the velocity of current being in that case considerably diminished by friction against the top. With any circular conduit the velocity when full is exactly the same, and the discharge just double that when half-full; the precise figures for a sewer running full may therefore be ascertained, if required, from the third column of Table by doubling the discharge.

A velocity of 150 feet per minute, or 2½ feet per second, is generally considered sufficient to remove all obstacles of the ordinary character found in sewers. The quantity of water required to produce this velocity in each case is given in the last column

of the same Table, and will be found especially useful in designing flushing arrangements.

TABLE VI. gives precisely similar information for egg-shaped sewers, as Table V. for circular sewers.

TABLE VII. gives the discharge of pipes from 3-inch to 3 feet diameter, when running full at various inclinations or pressures. It should be remembered that the velocity of water passing through a line of pipes of any considerable length depends not on the inclination of any particular section, but on the hydraulic gradient throughout, or ratio of head of water to length of pipe; the "head" being the difference of level between the surface at or above the upper end of the pipe, and that of the cistern or pond into which it delivers, or if it has a free outlet, the lower end of the pipe itself. This velocity, except for slightly increased friction at bends, is entirely independent of the course of the pipes, whether laid at a uniform inclination or otherwise, also whether commencing at or below the upper surface and discharging, if not freely, at or below the lower surface.

The formula which has been used in the calculations for Tables V., VI. and VII. is that known as Eytelwein's:—Velocity in feet per second = $94 \cdot 25 \sqrt{S}$, where R is the so-called "hydraulic mean depth," i.e. the sectional area divided by the surface in contact, and S the slope or inclination expressed fractionally, e.g. $\frac{1}{100}$ or $\frac{1}{250}$.

The constant number 94.25 has, of course, been arrived at as the result of experiments made from time to time in different kinds of pipes and channels with varying inclinations.

It has, however, long been known that this formula gives generally too high results for small pipes, and too low results for larger pipes and channels; and many other and more complicated formulæ have been from time to time devised in order to accord more nearly with more recent actual observations and experiments.

In addition to the alterations of flow due to the size, shape and inclination of channels, there is also considerable variation caused by the nature of the surface in contact with the water, in what degree it is smooth or rough.

The following Table gives some idea of the varying results that would be arrived at by using the coefficients or formulæ of different observers; the figures given being those which they would in each case substitute for the constant 94.25 used in the

Tables. When two figures are given, the difference is due to difference of inclination within moderate limits.

of Pipe full or full.	1	Darcy.		Kutter.	Professor	r Unwin.	
Diam, of running f	For Clean Iron Pipes.	For Rusted Iron Pipes.	Mean	For Iron Pipes in Fair Condition.	For Clean Iron Pipes.	For In- crusted M Pipes.	Tables.
2 in.	93	66	79	49·5 to 49			
3 ,,	98	69	83	57 ,, 55		14.2	10
6,,	105	74	89	71 ,, 69	108 to 104	72	89
12 "	109	77	93	87 ,, 85	112 ,, 109	76	93
18 "	110	78	94	96 ,, 94	116 ,, 113	78	96 94.25
2 ft.	111	79	95	103 ,, 101	120 ,, 116	81	99
3 "	111.5	79	95	111 ,, 109	124 ,, 120	83 1	102
4 ,,	112	80	96	118 ,, 116	128 " 124	85 1	105

It will be seen that, according to all the observations, the Tables will give correct results for pipes of a medium size, and too low results for larger ones; excepting only in the case of incrusted iron pipes, for which the Tables are too high, even with the largest size.

Kutter's figures are calculated from a very elaborate formula,* containing a coefficient which may be

* Velocity in feet per second
$$=\frac{\sqrt{R}}{n}\frac{M+1.811}{M+\sqrt{R}}$$
, where $M=n\left(41.6+\frac{.00281}{S}\right)$, and n for ordinary pipes $=.013$.

In order to ascertain with facility the discharge of pipes from 2 to 48 inches in diameter, at varying inclinations, in accordance with this formula, Messrs. E. B. & G. M. Taylor have drawn and published a set of diagrams to a large scale showing curves from which they can be read off by inspection.

varied for different kinds of material, but the figures in the column above are those considered applicable to ordinary cast or wrought iron pipes, or to sewers or culverts of good brickwork or unglazed stoneware. For coated or enamelled iron pipes, or for glazed stoneware pipes, Kutter would use a multiplier giving somewhat higher figures.

As, however, sewers constructed of glazed pipes have necessarily joints not more than 3 feet apart and somewhat irregular, the Author is of opinion that they should be classed with ordinary rather than with specially smooth or enamelled pipes, and that, so far as Kutter's formula is correct, the figures in the Table should apply generally to sewers also.

The Author has himself experimented on the velocities in long lengths of a glazed pipe sewer 2 feet in diameter, running a third to a quarter full, at various inclinations, and has found that the formula on which the Tables are based, gives fairly accurate results in all cases. But when he had made similar trials in a 5-feet sewer, he found the Tables considerably too low. He has not had the opportunity of testing pipes running full, but as the water flowing in a 2-feet sewer one-third deep has the same hydraulic mean depth as that of a 15-inch sewer running full, he would conclude that in that

case also the Tables would be correct, although for sizes larger than 15 inches somewhat too low. This agrees approximately with Kutter.

With reference to pipes under 2 inches in diameter, both Darcy's and Kutter's coefficients would make the figures given in Table VII. much too high, but a series of experiments on lead pipes by Professor Osborne Reynolds showed them in fact only a little high, whereas another formula, Neville's,* makes them in some cases too low.

For pipes of this kind, whether iron or lead, in straight lines of considerable length, and known to be in perfect condition, the Author—on consideration of all the evidence so far recorded—would be disposed to make a small deduction from the Tables, say about 5 per cent. for one inch, and 10 per cent.

^{*} Neville's formula, which has been largely used, and on which are based the Tables of Flow contained in Hurst's and Molesworth's Pocket-Books, is difficult to compare with others, as it shows the velocity composed of two parts, one proportional to the square roots, and the other to the cube roots, of the hydraulic mean depth and inclination. Thus, volocity in feet per second = $140 \sqrt{RS} - 11 \sqrt[3]{RS}$. This formula makes the flow in small pipes with considerable fall larger instead of smaller than the Tables—in fact, makes the Tables too low for $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pipes steeper than 1 in 50, for 1-inch pipes steeper than 1 in 100, 3-inch steeper than 1 in 1250, 24-inch steeper than 1 in 500, 12-inch steeper than 1 in 1250, 24-inch steeper than 1 in 3000, and for larger sizes, whatever the inclination, the greatest difference for 36-inch pipes being about 17 per cent. But for flatter gradients the Tables for all the smaller sizes are, according to this formula, too high.

for ½-inch diameters. But pipes of these dimensions as generally used for house services and similar purposes, are subject to so many irregularities, such as sharp bends, angles, contractions or other obstacles to flow, that a much greater deduction is, in practice, really always necessary. In fact, a better approximation to the actual discharge could generally be arrived at by calculating from a smaller diameter of pipe—say, by taking the mean between the figure in the Table for the required diameter, and that for the next size lower.

For iron pipes exceeding 3 inches diameter, if of the best kind, coated inside, or quite new and perfect, the Author would suggest an addition to the figures contained in Tables, varying generally from 5 per cent. for 6-inch to 15 per cent. for 36-inch diameters.

But for iron pipes not so good in condition, and generally for stoneware pipes or sewers running full or half-full, he would consider the Tables correct for diameters of either 12, 15 or 18 inches, according to circumstances; for smaller sizes than these he would make a small deduction, and for larger sizes an addition of about 5 per cent. for each foot in diameter.

As to flow in pipes and sewers running less than half-full, no general rule can be given applicable to varying depths and forms of section, without first calculating the hydraulic mean depth; but it may be remarked that the hydraulic mean depth of a circular sewer running a quarter full will be approximately the same as that of one a little more than half the size half full, and that of one running an eighth full approximately the same as one of a little more than a quarter the size half full. But where sewage, not clear water, is the material to be dealt with, it is obvious that the flow in small pipes, or shallow channels, cannot be calculated with accuracy, as deposit on the sides and bottom may reduce the sectional area at any point very considerably.

Table VIII. is intended to assist in designing the capacity of sewers, and shows at a glance the quantity of sewage, irrespective of rain and surface water, which should be allowed for given populations. In certain cases (see note at foot of Table), the allowance for rain may also be calculated on the basis of population with the help of the last column of the Table, but under ordinary circumstances this should be taken in proportion to area, as shown by Table IX. next following.

TABLE IX. shows the quantity of water due to rainfall over given areas, and the quantities in gallons

per minute, when running off at different rates of flow. The latter columns of the Table are intended for calculating the capacity of sewers; and the second and third columns for estimating the quantity of water that can be collected from areas and gathering grounds for irrigation or water supply. The areas dealt with range from 100 square feet (representing the roof of a small building) to one square mile.

Tables X., XI., XII., are rainfall Tables, for the information contained in which the Author is indebted to Mr. H. Sowerby Wallis, who succeeded the late Professor Symons as the recorder of British Rainfall.

TABLES XIII. and XIV. are intended to facilitate the preparation of preliminary reports and rough estimates for works of water supply, and show the approximate dimensions of reservoirs, filter beds, main pipes, pumping machinery, &c., required for the supply of given populations. It is not of course asserted that the constant numbers assumed in the headings of the columns are universally applicable; and some few, e.g. 100 feet lift to be pumped, are necessarily arbitrary. But the differences due to

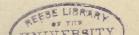
variations in these conditions can be ascertained generally either by inspection or by a short calculation, and results may be thus arrived at with much greater facility than if the Tables were not available.

Table XV. gives results of analyses of potable waters. To engineers and others, not constantly or very frequently engaged in investigating the quality of water, the figures presented by an analysis convey little information without some readily available standard of comparison. This it is endeavoured to afford by means of this Table, which contains the results of analyses of well-known waters from nearly every description of source.

For many of these the Author is indebted to Dr. Voelcker; others are from analyses by Messrs. Dibdin, Campbell, Thresh, and other well-known chemists.

TABLES XVI. and XVII. give the quantities of brickwork per yard in sewers, culverts, &c., and require no explanation.

TABLE XVIII. gives the weight per yard of castiron pipes adapted to different pressures of water. These weights have been arrived at not by theoretical



calculation, but by a careful comparison of the specifications and recent practice of experienced engineers. They agree, however, nearly with the calculated strengths as given by Mr. Box in his Hydraulic Tables. The weights for various safe heads found in Table 14 of Beardmore's 'Manual of Hydrology,' are certainly insufficient according to recent practice.

TABLE XIX. gives the weights per yard of lead service pipes of five different qualities as described in the note appended to the Table.

TABLE I.—QUANTITY of WATER contained in PIPES, WELLS, and CIRCULAR TANKS, per foot in length or depth.

Diam.	Contents	Dia	ım.	Contents.	Diam.	Contents.	Dlam.	Contents.
inches.	gals, per foot	ft.	in.	gals, per foot	feet.	gals. per	feet.	gals, per foot
3	.005	1	9	15 0	11	594	90	39,758
1	.008	2	0	19.6	12	7.17	100	49,088
3 50-484 03 4	.019	2	3	21.8	13	829	110	59,396
1	.034	2	6	30.7	14	962	120	70,685
11/2	•076	2	9	37.1	15	1,104	130	82,955
2	.135	3	0	44.2	16	1,256	140	96,211
21/2	.212	3	3	51.8	17	1,418	150	110,447
3	.305	3	6	60.2	18	1,590	160	125,664
	.54	3	9	69.0	19	1,772	170	141,862
5	.85	4	0	78.5	20	1,963	180	159,044
6	1.22		6	99.4	25	3,068	190	177,206
6 7	1.66	5	0	122.7	30	4,418	200	196,350
8	2.17	5	6	148.5	35	6,013	250	306,796
9	2.75	6	0	176 7	40	7,854	300	441,788
10	3.39	6	6	207.4	45	9,940	350	601,322
11	4.12	7	0	240.5	50	12,272	400	785,400
12	4.91	7	6	276.1	55	14,850	500	1,227,190
13	5.75	8	0	314.2	60	17,671	600	1,767,150
14	6.67	8	6	354.7	65	20,740	700	2,405,290
15	7.67	9	0	397.6	70	24,053	800	3,141,600
16	8.72	9	6	443.0	75	27,611	900	3,975,750
18	11.04	10	0	490.9	80	31,416	1000	4,908,750

Table II.—Quantity of Water contained in Square Cisterns or Tanks, per foot in depth.

Len Sic		Contents.	1	ngth of de.	Contents.	Length of Side.	Contents.	Length of Side.	Contents.
ft.	in.	gals. per foot	ft.	in.	gals. per	feet	gals. per foot	feet	gals. per foot
1	0	6.25	6	0	205	25	3,906	90	50,625
1	6	14.06	7	0	306	30	5,625	100	62,500
2	0	25.00	8	0	400	35	7,756	125	156,250
2	6	39.06	9	0	506	40	10,000	150	140,625
3	0	56 25	10	0	625	45	12,656	200	250,000
3	6	77.56	11	0	756	50	15,625	300	562,500
4	0	100.00	12	0	900	60	20,500	400	1,000,000
4	6	126.56	15	0	1,406	70	30,625	500	1,562,500
5	0	156.25	20	0	2,500	80	40,000	1000	6,250,000

TABLE III .- FLOW of WATER through SLUICES and OPENINGS.

NOTE.—The "Head of Water" in the Table must represent the depth from the surface to the centre of the opening; or if the opening be submerged, then the difference of level between the surfaces above and below.

If the opening be bell-mouthed, or be a sluice having curved side walls properly tapering inwards to the narrowest part, the discharge will be greater than that shown by the Table, to the extent of, in case of the best form of opening, about 50 per cent.

Head of Water.	Discharge per Square Foot in Area of Opening.	Head of Water.	Discharge per Square Foot in Area of Opening.	He or War	f	Discharge per Square Foot in Area of Opening.	He o Wa	f	Discharge per Square Foot in Area of Opening.
0 1	galls. per		galls, per	CL	in.	galls. per	ft.	in.	gals, per
ft. in.	minute	ft. in.	minute	ft.		minute			minute
1 2	382	2 3	2,813	8	3	5,385	16	6	7,616
1	541	2 6	2,964	8	6	5,466	17	0	7,731
11/2	663	2 9	3,110	8	9	5,546	17	6	7,844
2	765	3 0	3,248	9	0	5,625	18	0	7,956
$2\frac{1}{2}$	856	3 3	3,379	9	3	5,702	18	6	8,064
3	937	3 6	3,507	9	6	5,779	19	0	8,173
$3\frac{1}{2}$	1,014	3 9	3,631	9	9	5,854	19	6	8,280
4	1,082	4 0	3,751	10	0	5,929	20	0	8,385
5	1,210	4 3	3,865	10	3	6,004	21	0	8,590
6	1,326	4 6	3,977	10	6	6,075	22	0	8,796
7	1,432	4 9	4,086	10	9	6,148	23	0	8,991
8	1,530	5 0	4,192	11	0	6,219	24	0	9,184
9	1,624	5 3	4,295	11	3	6,288	25	0	9,375
10	1,712	5 6	4,398	11	6	6,358	26	0	9,558
11	1,794	5 9	4,495	11	9	6,427	27	0	9,744
1 0	1,875	6 0	4,592	12	0	6,495	28	0	9,920
1 1	1,951	6 3	4,687	12	6	6,628	30	0	10,269
1 2	2,025	6 6	4,779	13	0	6,759	32	0	10,605
1 3	2,096	6 9	4,872	13	6	6,888	34	0	10,933
1 4	2,165	7 0	4,960	14	0	7,015	36	0	11,253
1 5	2,231	7 3	5,048	14	6	7,139	38	0	11,557
1 6	2,296	7 6	5,135	15	0	7,262	40	0	11,857
1 9	2,480	7 9	5,219	15	6	7,382	45	0	12,577
2 0	2,651	8 0	5,302	16	0	7,502	50	0	13,256
									K- 1/6-1

TABLE IV .- FLOW of WATER OVER WEIRS.

NOTE.—The "Depth" must represent difference in level between the sill of the weir and the surface of still water above it. If the water approaches the weir with a current having a percept ble velocity, the discharge will be greater than that shown by the Table to an extent depending on the velocity; a velocity of 2 feet per second will be equivalent generally to about half an inch, and a velocity of 3 feet per second to about three-quarters of an inch additional depth.

Depth.	Discharge per Inch in Width.	Depth.	Discharge per Inch in Width.	Depth.	Discharge per Inch in Width.	Depth.	Discharge per Inch in Width.
inches	gals. per min.	inches	gals per min.	inches	gals. per	ft. in.	gals. per min.
1 1	•334	41	22:37	101	87.5	2 1	334
14 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	•467	4½ 4½	23.39	101	90.8	2 2	354
16	.613	43	24.44	103	94.1	2 3	374
i	.944	43 41 41	25.49	11	97.4	2 4	395
5	1 329	45	26.56	111	100 7	2 4 2 5	417
3	1.734	45 43 43	27.64	111	104.1	2 6	439
1	2.185	478	28.71	113	107.5	2 6 2 7	461
18	2.670	58	29.85	12	111.0	2 8	483
						176	0-120
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 185	$5\frac{1}{8}$ $5\frac{1}{4}$	30.97	121	118.0	2 9	506
11/4	3.818	51/4	32.13	13	125.1	2 10	529
13	4:305	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	33.26	131	132.5	2 11	553
11/2	4.905	$5\frac{1}{2}$	34.44	14	139.8	3 0	577
15/8	5.531	55	35.62	141/2	147.4	3 1	601
$1\frac{3}{4}$	6.167	53	36.85	15	155.1	3 2	625
17	6.855	578	38.02	151	163.0	3 3	650
2	7.552	6	39.24	16	170.9	3 4	675
21,	8.27	61	41.72	161	179.0	3 5	701
21	9.01	$6\frac{1}{2}$	44.25	17	187.1	3 6	727
23	9.77	63	46.82	171	195.5	3 7	753
21	10.55	7	49.45	18	203.9	3 8	779
25	11.36	71	52.12	181	212.3	3 9	806
$ \begin{array}{c} 2\frac{3}{8} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{5}{8} \\ 2\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	12.18	71	54.84	19	221.1	3 10	833
27	13 02	73	57 61	193	229.8	3 11	860
$\frac{2^{\frac{7}{8}}}{3}$	13.87	8	60.41	20	238.8	4 0	888
31	14.75	81	62.54	201	247.6	4 1	915
3½ 3½	15.64	81/2	66.17	21	256.9	4 2	944
33	16.55	83	69.11	211	265.9	4 3	972
34	17.48	9	72.09	22	275.5	4 4	1000
35	18.42	91	75.12	221	284.8	4 6	1060
33	19.39	91	78.18	23	294.4	4 8	1120
30 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	20.37	93	81.29	231	303 9	4 10	1180
48	21.36	10	84 · 43	24	313.9	5 0	1240
1-113							and State
		"					

TABLE V.—VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CHECULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

	Ongntity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	bei minute.	gallons		::		30	40	85	125	200	:	::	
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	ga lons 1535	1245	975	845	768	682	532	487	422	378	327 291	
	Sewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 600	490	380	330	300	267	208	190	165	148	128	
	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (4† Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons.	615	475	415	377	330	283	238	207	184	158	
nches.	oportion t	One (4\$ I	Velocity.	feet 550	447	346	302	275	244	190	173	151	134	115	
Diameter 9 Inches.	f Flow in Pr	One-quarter. (24 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 225	195	143	122	112	100	78.	71	62	55	44 44	
Dian	Depth o	One-c (24 I	Velocity.	feet 420	344	266	230	209	187	146	133	115	103	8 83 8 83	
		One-eighth. (11/8 Inch.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 58	848	37	33	30	56	20	18	16	14	12	
		One-	Velocity.	feet 300				151	134	105	95	83	74	6 1	
		tion.		feet per mile	176	105.6	80	99	52.8	35	26.4	50	16	12	
		Inclination.			1 , 30			1 ,, 80	1 , 100	1 ,, 152	1 ,, 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 12 Inches.

Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	Per minute.	gallons	:	: :	33	45	69	96	135	212	320	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 2580	2235	1730	1580	1410	1230	1100	1000	865	780	670	615	550
sewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 565	490	380	346	808	270	241	219	190	170	147	135	120
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (6 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1.275	1,100	850	725	069	009	540	490	425	380	331	300	270
portion to	One (6 L	Velocity.	f-et 520	446	348	316	282	246	550	500	174	155	135	123	110
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (3 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 380	330	260	235	212	181	162	145	130	115	66	90	81
Depth of	One-q (3 In	Velocity.	feet 396	342	268	243	220	188	169	151	134	119	103	94	84
	One-eighth. (14 Inch.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 98	86	99	09	53	46	42	38	33	53	25	23	21
	One	Velocity.	feet 284	247	192	173	155	135	121	110	96	85	74	29	09
	Inclination.		feet per mile					40						10	
	Inclir		1 in 30	1 , 40	1 , 66	1 ,, 80	1 ., 100	1 ,, 132	1 ,, 165	1 ,, 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 ,, 528	1 ,, 660

VELOCITY and DISCHANGE per MINUTE in CIRCLLAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

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Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet		gallons	:	. 0	50		92.	146	295	330	104	296	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 3900	3480	3030	2460		2140	1210	1516	1350	1 1 1	1175	1068	954	824
sewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 547	488	426	346		301	268	913	190		165	150	134	116
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (74 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1900	1700	1470	1204		1044	933	735	662	1	571	520	468	400
portion t	On (74 I	Velocity.	feet 500	446	386	316	*	274	C±2	193	174	,	150	137	123	105
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (34 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 592	526	460	372		325	162	502	206		177	162	146	126
Depth of	One-(34 L	Velocity.	feet 385	342	299	242		211	621	1/1	134		115	105	95	83
	One-eighth. (14 Inch.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 150	135	117	946		8 6 6	200	10	52		44	41	36	35
	One-	Velocity.	feet 278	250	218	176		153	15/	109	97		83	97	89	09
	ation.		feet			52.8		40	200	¥.02	91		12	10	00	9
	Inclination		1 in 40	1 ,, 50	1 ,, 66	1 , 100		1 ,, 132	1 , 165	1 ,, 200	1 , 330		1 ,, 440	1 ,, 528	1 ,, 660	1 ,, 880

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 18 Inches.

Onendity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute,	gallons	::0	54.	83	116	157	243	353	non	208	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 5500	4776	3885	3382	\$024	2747	2388	2140	OEOT	1691	1507	1302	1190
sewer.	Seven (Maximu	Velocity.	feet 536	466	879	330	295	898	233	180	707	165	147	127	116
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (9 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 2684	2380	1903	1655	1474	1342	1171	1046		825	740	640	csc
portion t	On'(9 I	Velocity.	feet 488	426	346	301	268	244	213	165		150	135	911	001
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (44 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 830	625	573	497	450	414	340	272		260	CZZ	192	110
Depth of	One-6 (441		feet 382	326 290	265	730	208	191	163	126		116	104	200	10
	One-eighth. (24 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 210	182	147	123	115	105	16	202		81	1.0	00	C.F.
	One- (24 I	Velocity	feet 270	234	190	991	148	135	117	91		85	5.0	60	00
	tion		feet per mile 105.6	08 99	52.8	0#	32	26.4	02	12		10			
	Inclination		in 50	90 %	1000	,, 132	,, 165	,, 200	7, 264	440	,	528	,, 000	1058	,, 1000
			1		-	7	1	٦,					9	-	•



VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 1 Foot 9 Inches.

Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minnie.	gallons	:	42	80.00	3	125	167	257	375	009	830	1270	:	
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 8150	7080	6440	575 4 5012		4480	4074	3542	3162	2744	2506	2240	1932	1770
ewer.	Sever (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 582	909	460	358	3	320	291	253	226	196	179	160	138	126
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (104 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 3930	3420	3115	2//5		2160	1962	1710	1530	1320	1207	1080	937	855
portion to	On (104	Velocity.	feet 524	456	414	322		288	262	228	204	176	161	144	125	114
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (54 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 1200	1050	950	849 740		199	599	524	462	404	369	330	286	263
Depth of	One-0 (5‡ J	Velocity.	feet 406	354	322	288		224	203	177	158	137	125	112	97	68
	One-eighth. (2½ Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 306	566	241	188		891	153	133	119	103	94	84	72	99
	One- (25 I	Velocity.	feet 292					160	146	127	113	86	68	80	69	63
	atlon.	TO LO	feet per mile	80	99	8.26		32	26.4	20	16	12	10	80	9	10
	Inclination.		in 50	99 "	., 80	132		,, 165	, 200	,, 264	,, 330	, 440	, 528	099 "	,, 880	,, 1056
			1 1	-				-	—	-	-	-	н	-	-	-

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 2 Feet.

Onantifty	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	45	62	95	133	171	274	397	630	820	1300	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 9800	8820	8000	6950	6200	5640	4900	4400	3800	3470	3100	2700	2485	2200
ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 538	490	438	381	340	309	569	241	208	190	170	148	134	120
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot.)	Discharge.	gallons 4820	4370	3900	3410	3048	2764	2411	2156	1862	1705	1519	1313	1205	1078
portion t	One (1.	Velocity.	feet 492	446	398	348	311	282	246	220	190	174	155	134	123	110
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (6 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 1450	1324	1182	1092	920	835	728	650	562	515	458	396	998	323
Depth of	One (6 Ir	Velocity.	feet 378	344	307	284	239	217	189	169	146	134	611	103	95	84
	One-eighth. (3 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 370	338	301	792	234	212	185	991	145	131	116	101	93	85
	One-	Velocity.	feet 270					155	135	121	105	96	85	74	89	09
	Inclination.		feet per mile					26.4					80	9	20	41
	Inclir		1 in 66	1 ,, 80	1 , 100	1 " 132	1 " 100	1 ,, 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 " 528	1 ,, 660	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 ,, 1320

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 2 Feet 3 Inches.

Onantity	give Velocity of 150 Feet	ber minne.	gallons	48	99	101	141	187	588	419	099	880	1340	2250	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 13,180	11,900	10,728	9,340	8,346	7,583	6,289	5,895	5,109	4,670	4.162	3,620	3,300	2,959
ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 570	520	464	404	202	328	285	255	221	202	180	157	143	128
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot 14 Inch.)	Discharge.	gallons 6420	5830	5220	4541	4000	3677	3205	2875	2480	2270	2024	1752	1604	1431
portion to	One (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 520	473	423	368	223	867	260	233	201	184	164	142	130	116
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (64 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1950	1772	1587	1383	1252	1120	974	872	755	691	614	531	487	433
Depth of	One- (6 I	Velocity.	feet 400	364	326	284	203	230	200	179	155	142	126	109	100	68
	One-eighth. (33 Inch.)	Discharge.	gallons 500	450	403	353	514	287	248	222	193	177	160	135	123	Ξ
	One-	Velocity.	feet 286	197	232	203	181	165	143	128	111	102	92	28	71	1 9
	tion.		feet per mile	99	52.8	40	220	26.4	20	16	12	10	80	9	2	41
	Inclination.			80		132	col ,	, 200	, 264	, 330	, 440	, 528	099	880	, 1056	, 1320
			1 in	1 ,,	, H	, ,	-	-	1,	-	-	1,	-	-	-	.

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 2 Feet 6 Inches.

Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sawer.	- 5	_
Seven-eighthe	(Maximum Discharge.)	_
Seven-ei (Maximum 1		Velocity.
	1	-
1 9 1		
One-half. (1 Foot 3 Inches.) Flocity, Discharge, feet gallons 550 8420	gallons 8420	gallons 8420
One-h (1 Foot 3) Velocity. F feet 550 447	feet 550	feet 550
		Discharge, V
One-quarter.		
00	5	Velocity.
	One-eighth.	Discharge.
	One-	Velocity.
		*5
	ation.	
	Inclination.	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 2 Feet 9 Inches.

- Constitution of Constitution	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minue.	gallons	74	111	207	316	450	713	940	1420	2300	3300	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 21,800	17,698	13,765	12,523	10,902	9,729	8,418	7,693	6,900	5,970	5,450	4,864	4,210
ewer.	Seven (Maximu	Velocity.	feet 632	513	399	863	316	282	244	223	200	173	158	141	122
Height of S	One-half. (1 Foot 44 Inches)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 10,675	8,690	7,542	6,133	5,337	4,781	4,132	3,761	3,374	2,928	2,668	2,590	2,060
portion to	On (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 576	469	365	331	288	258	223	2(13	182	158	144	129	III
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-quarter. (84 In.hes.)	Discharge.	gallons 3232	2621	2279	1856	1616	1441	1252	1143	1019	881	108	753	626
Depth of	One- (8# 1	Velocity.	feet 444	360	980	255	222	198	172	157	140	121	110	66	86
	One-eighth.	Discharge.	gallons 822	671	580	476	411	369	322	291	260	226	207	185	166
	One- (41 I	Velocity.	feet 316	258	224	183	158	142	124	112	100	87	62	71	62
	ation.		feet p		32 6			16				9		4	
	Inclination.		1 in 66		1 " 132	1 , 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 ,, 528	1 ,, 660	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 ,, 1320	1 ,, 1760

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 3 Feet.

			Depth of	Flow in FT	oportion to	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	wer.		Quantity
Inclination.	One-6 (4\$ Li	One-eighth. (4½ Inches.)	One-q (9 In	One-quarter. (9 inches.)	One (1 Foot	One-half (1 Foot 6 Inches.)	Seven (Maximu	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	give Velocity of 150 Feet
	Velocity.	Velocity. Discharge.	Velocity.	Discharge.	Velocity.	Discharge.	Velocity.	Discharge.	
feet per mile	feet	gallons	feet	gallons	feet	gallons	feet	gallons	gallons
80	332	1027	462	3999	604	13,290	099	27,100	:
52.8	569	832	376	3255	489	10,760	534	21,926	78
40	235	727	328	2839	1 426	9,370	464	19,052	116
82	210	650	284	2458	380	8,360	416	17,080	162
26.4	190	588	566	2302	346	7,610	380	15,603	217
20	166	514	231	1999	302	6,640	330	13,550	329
16	148	458	207	1792	268	5,900	296	12,154	468
12	128	396	179	1543	230	5,060	256	10,500	738
10	117	863	164	1419	212	4,660	232	9,526	1000
80	104	322	146	1264	190	4,180	808	8,540	1460
9	91	281	126	1001	165	3,630	181	7,432	2530
ō.	83	257	115	995	151	3,320	165	6.774	2300
4	7.4	229	103	8:11	134	2,950	148	6,055	:
00	64	198	83	270	115	2,530	128	5,255	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

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Ouantity	give Velocity of 150 Feet		gallons	126	235	504	***************************************	790	1045	1500	2430	3360	5080	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 39,860	28,200	22,600	17,850	200,11	15,430	14,100	12,590	10,900	9,960	8.900	7,720	7,050	6,320
ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 713	504	404	319	2	276	252	225	195	178	159	138	126	113
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot 9 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 19,530	13,800	11,220	8,730	0,100	7,560	6,900	6,180	5,340	4,860	4.350	3,780	3,450	3,090
portion to	One (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 651	460	874	991	107	252	230	206	178	162	145	126	115	103
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (104 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 5887	4171	3384	2949	7007	2279	2080	1856	1598	1469	1316	1140	1040	930
Depth of	One-c (104)	Velocity.	feet 501	355	288	251	¥77	194	177	158	136	125	119	97	88	79
	One-eighth. (54 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 1508	1062	865	752	770	584	529	475	412	378	938	290	265	235
	One-e	Velocity.	feet 359					139	126	113	86	06	08	69	63	56
	tion.		feet per mile	40	26.4	200	97	12	10	00	9	20	4	1 00	2.5	CR
	Inclination.		1 in 66	132		1 , 264		1 440	1 528	1 660	1 880	1 ", 1056	1390	1 1760	1 2112	1 ,, 2640
			1					il.								

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 4 Feet.

Quantity	2.50	Discharge.	gallons gallons			27,890 375		21,460 830	_	_		13,940 3500	12.410 5100	10,730	9,830	8,800
sewer.	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.	Velocity.	feet 764		1			294					170	147	135	121
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (2 Feet.)	. Discharge.	gallons 27,240	19,300	15,680	13,640	12,150	10,540	9,650	8,620	7,450	6,820	6 075	5,260	4,825	4,310
oportion t	O CS	Velocity.	feet 695	492	400	348	310	269	246	220	190	174	155	134	123	110
Flow in Pr	One-quarter. (1 Foot.)	Discharge.	gallons 8240	5720	4640	4120	3658	3136	2860	2550	2244	2059	1899	1568	1430	1275
Depth o	One-	Velocity.	feet 536	372	305	268	238	204	186	166	146	134	110	102	93	83
	One-eighth. (6 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 2110	1490	1210	1055	940	814	737	665	577	528	473	407	368	330
	One- (6 Ir	Velocity.	feet 384					148	134	121	105	96	90	74	67	09
	Inclination.		feet per mile	132 40	200	264						1056 5	0001			2640 2
			2.5	1 1			1 ,,	-	-		-	· —		* 	: 1 —	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in Cincular Sewers, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 5 Feet.

-	Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	, , ,	:	420	069	920	1,220	1,730	2,800	3,600	280	9,040	12,800	:	
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge	gallons 97,180	68,640	55,630	48,590	43,320	37,620	34,320	30,550	26,450	24,300	91 660	18.860	17,160	15,275	
	ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 852	602	488	426	380	330	301	268	232	213	190	165	151	134	
	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (2 Feet 6 Inches).	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 47,300	33,400	27,180	23,650	21,210	18,280	16,700	15,000	12,980	11,820	10 600	9.140	8,350	7,500	
	portion to	One (2 Feet	Velocity.	feet 776	548	446	8888	212	300	274	246	213	194	174	150	137	123	
	Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (1 Foot 3 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 14,400	10,150	8,220	7,200	0,450	5,530	5,075	4,540	3,945	3,600	3.915	2,765	2.540	2,270	
	Depth of	One-c	Velocity.	feet 600	422	3+2	0000	700	230	211	189	164	150	134	115	105	06	
		One-eighth.	Discharge.	gallons 3680	2600	2115	1840	10/01	1430	1300	1170	1000	920	835	715	650	585	
		One- (74 I	Velocity.	feet 428	305	246	101	ICI	166	151	136	117	107	97	83	75	89	
		tion.		feet per mile 80	40	26.4	027	24	12	010	30 (9	c c	4	က	2.2	c 3	
		Inclination.		in 66	,, 132	,, 200	330	,, 000	,, 440	2000	099 "	,, 880	9901 "	., 1320	,, 1760	,, 2112	" 2640	
				1 1			٦.		-	٦,	٦,	٠,	7	-	-	-	-	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in CIRCULAR SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Diameter 6 Feet.

Onentity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	: :	:	455	640	086	1.320	1,890	2,950	3,850	5 670	9.340	13,200	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons	108,400	88,040	76,500	68,660	59,130	54,200	48,290	41.740	38,250	34 330	29,560	27,100	24,140
Sewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 932	099	536	466	418	360	330	294	254	233	209	180	165	147
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer,	One-half. (3 Feet.)	Discharge.	gallons 75.200	53,120	43,060	37,600	55,939	29,120	26,560	23,830	20,480	18,800	16.770	14,560	13,280	11,915
portion to	(3 (3	Velocity.	feet 852	602	488	426	280	330	301	270	232	212	190	165	150	135
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (I Foot 6 Inches)	Discharge.	gallons 22,580	16,000	13,140	11,290	10,010	8,720	8,000	7,200	6,160	5,645	5,020	4,360	4,000	3,600
Depth of	One-c (I Foot	Velocity.	feet 652	462	385	326	067	252	232	208	178	162	145	126	116	104
*	One-eighth. (9 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 5790	4110	3340	C687	7010	2250	2055	1830	1600	1448	1300	1126	1027	917
	One- (9 L	Velocity.	feet 468	332	027	234	017	182	991	148	129	1117	105	91	83	74
	ttlon.		feet per mile	40	26.4	220	2	12	0,	30 (9	o.	4	က	2.2	63
	Inclination.		in 66	, 132	200	330 ··	,, 000	, 440	929	,, 660	,, 880	, 1096	,, 1320	" 1760	,, 2112	,, 2640
			-	⊣,	٠,	-	•	۲,	٠,	٠,	٠,	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE VI.—VELOCITY and DISCHARGE PER MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 2 Feet x 1 Foot 4 Inches.

Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minue.	gallons	:	38	09	08		120	210	330	620	920	:	:	:	
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 6910	5440	4430	3850	3450		3138	2720	2440	2115	1925	1725	1490	1360	1220
ewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 595	468	381	331	297		270	234	210	182	166	148	120	117	105
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 2720	2360	1921	1674	1496		1360	1180	1056	918	838	748	646	290	527
portion to	One	Velocity.	feet 480	417	339	295	264		240	208	186	162	148	132	114	104	93
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (6 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 790	989	556	486	436	N.	395	346	305	268	243	216	189	172	153
Depth of	One-o (6 Iu	Velocity.	feet 380	331	897	234	210		190	166	148	128	117	105	91	83	74
	One-eighth.	Velocity. Discharge. Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 223	961	160	139	124		112	86	88	92	69	62	53	47	44
	One-	Velocity.	feet 295	257	210	183	163		148	129	116	66	91	81	202	1 9	28
	tion.		feet per mile 105.6	80	52.8	40	32		26.4	20	16	12	10	90	9	2	4
	Inclination.		in 50	99 "	, 100	,, 132	" 165		,, 200	,, 264	330	., 440	,, 528	099 "	., 880	,, 1056	, 1320
		2	-	1	1	7	1		. 1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	н

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths. Sewer 2 Feet 3 Inches × 1 Foot 6 Inches.

	Quantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minure.	gallons	;	41 63	85	120	210	330	019	006	2000	:	:	:
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 8400	7310	5180	4620	4200	3650	3265	2824	2590	2310	2000	1824	1633
2	Sewer,	Seven (Maximu	Velocity.	feet 572	497	352	314	286	248	222	192	176	157	126	124	=======================================
Something the sound of the soun	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer,	One-half. (1 Foot 14 Inch.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 4480	3900	2770	2470	2240	1960	1750	1512	1380	1235	1067	086	874
	oportion to	One (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 508	443	314	280	254	222	198	172	156	140	121	111	66
	Flow in Pr	One-quarter. (6% Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1054	920	747	582	527	460	409	356	325	290	250	2:30	204
	Depth of	One-	Velocity.	feet 402	350	282	222	201	176	156	136	124	111	96	88	18
		One-eighth.	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 300	260	185	167	150	130	116	101	93	83	71	65	59
		One-	Velocity.	feet 312		192	172	156	135	121	105	97	98	7.4	89	61
		ation.		feet por mile 105.6	08.	52.8 40	32	26.4	20	16	12	10	90	9	2	4
		Inclination.		1 in 50		1 " 100	1 " 165	1 ,, 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 ,, 528	1 ,, 660	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 ,, 1320
1																

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 2 Feet 6 Inches × 1 Foot 8 Inches.

la differential	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	43	6 6	125	210	335	009	890	1500	:	:	:	:
	Seven eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	galions 9500	7700	0009	5450	4750	4280	3670	3350	3000	2600	2380	2140	1834
Sewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 522	424	330	300	261	235	202	185	165	143	131	118	101
Height of	One-half. (1 Foot 3 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 4138	3350	2620	2375	5069	1852	1598	1462	1311	1132	1034	956	800
oportion to	One (1 Foot		fert 467	369	296	268	233	503	180	165	148	128	1117	105	06
Depth of Flow in proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-quarter.	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1203	972	764	687	109	534	463	424	385	328	300	566	530
Depth o	One-q (7½ ii	Velocity.	feet 371	301	236	212	186	165	143	131	118	101	92	85	<u>ا</u>
	One-eighth. (3‡ inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 338	272	258	193	169	150	131	120	107	93	84	14	65
	One-4 (3‡ i)	Velocity.	feet 280	226	176	160	140	124	108	66	88	77	2	62	24
	u o		feet per mile 80	52.8	38	26.4	20	16	12	10	00	9	o.	4	က
	Inclination.			, 100	., 165	,, 200	,, 264	,, 330	, 440	,, 528	099 "	., 880	,, 1056	,, 1320	, 1760
			1 1			-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 2 Feet 9 Inches x 1 Foot 10 Inches.

Ougnifity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	.45	202	100	130	918	345	288	880	1440	3300	:		:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 12 050	9,800	8,550	7.720	6,950	6 090	5,400	4,700	4.270	8,860	3.300	3,010	2,700	2,350
Sewer.	Seven (Maximu	Velocity.	feet 550	446	389	348	316	97.4	246	214	194	174	150	137	123	107
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot 4‡ Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 5230	4300	3690	3300	3040	0196	2333	2033	1840	1650	1420	1310	1166	1016
portion to	(1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 489	405	345	308	284	944	218	190	172	154	133	122	109	95
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (84 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1518	1230	1077	956	870	760	674	588	538	478	411	380	337	294
Depth of	One-c (8\$ I	Velocity.	feet 387	313	274	244	222	194	172	150	137	122	106	97	98	75
	One-eighth.	Discharge.	gallons 432	350	305	274	248	216	192	168	153	137	118	108	96	84
	One- (4½ I	Velocity.	feet 300					150	134	116	901	95	83	75	67	28
	tton.		feet per mile 80	52.8	40	82	26.4	90	16	12	10	00	9	5	4	80
	Inclination.		in 66	001 "	132	991 "	300	., 264	330	., 440	., 528	099 "	088 "	9901 "	,, 1320	. " 1760
			-					1	-	_	-	-	1	D		

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

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	Quantity required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	ber mindnes	gallons	: [100	135	215	350	590	1400	2011	2800	:,	.:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 14,900	12,120	9,450	8,570	7,450	6,680	6,770	0,270	-1100	4,075	3,730	3,340	2,885
ewer.	Sever (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 574	467	364	330	286	257	222	189		157	143	128	=
Denth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot 6 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 6500	5280	4130	3735	3250	2910	2525	2300	7007	1785	1620	1455	1262
portion t	On (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 510	414	324	293	255	878	198	169	707	140	128	114	66
Flow in Pro	One-quarter. (9 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1880	1504	1200	1064	940	840	728	899	200	212	470	450	364
Denth of	One- (9 In	Velocity.	feet 404	322	256	228	202	180	156	143	170	111	101	06	28
	One-eighth, (4‡ Inches.)	Discharge	gallons 540	437	338	309	270	238	208	160	201	147	135	120	105
	One-6 (4‡ Ir	Velocity.	feet 313	255	198	180	157	139	121	111	3	98	78	02	61
	on.		feet per mile 80	52.8	32	26.4	20	16	12	00 %	0	9	Z.	4	60
	Inclination.		99	139		200	264	330	440	528	200	880	1056	1320	1760
			l in				1 ,	1 ,,			1 3	1 ,,	1 ,,	1 ,,	

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths. Sewer 3 Feet 3 Inches × 2 Feet 2 Inches.

Onantite	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	ber minutes	gallons.	75	100	130	220	350	865	1390	2700	4550	:	:
	Seven-elghths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 18,240	14,935	11,530	10,490	9,120	8,140	6,435	5,765	4,940	4,560	4,055	3,540
Sewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 598	490	378	344	299	267	211	189	162	150	133	116
Height of	One-balf. (1 Foot 7\frac{1}{2} Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 7975	6475	5040	4560	3990	3565	2800	2520	2170	1995	1785	1540
oportion to	One (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 532	432	336	304	566	238	187	168	145	133	119	103
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer,	One-quarter. (9! Inches.);	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 2300	1865	1455	1320	1150	1023	825	727	630	574	511	448
Depth of	One-0 (9\$ I	Velocity.	feet 421	341	266	241	210	187	149	133	115	105	93	85
	One-eighth. (4½ Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 655	531	416	3/4	324	287	231	207	179	163	144	127
	One-e	Velocity.	feet 326	264	207	186	191	143	115	103	68	81	12	63
	Inclination.		feet p	52.8					20		9		4	
	Inclin		1 in 66	1 " 100	1 " 165	1 ,, 200	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 ,, 660	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 ,, 1320	1 " 1760
1			1								913	9		

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 3 Feet 6 Inches × 2 Feet 4 Inches.

Lepin of Flow in Froportion to freignt of Sewer.	Mol J in mdarr					wer.	
One-quarter. (104 Inches.)	One-quarter. (104 Inches.)	narter.		One (1 Foot	One-half. (1 Foot 9 Inches.)	Sever (Maximu	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)
Velocity. Discharge. Velocity. Discharge.	Velocity. Discha	Discha	rge.	Velocity	Discharge.	Velocity.	Discharge.
feet gallon		gallo	80	feet	gallons	feet	gallons
		1000		200	6760	440	15,660
_	_	174(350	0009	394	14,030
_	_	1600		317	5490	857	12,700
218 1370		1370		275	4780	312	11,100
		1040		247	4900	946	0000
170 1080		1080		215	3730	242	8,80
		950		195	3380	220	7,830
		870		175	3000	197	7,015
		200		151	2620	170	6,050
- 1	- 1)69		138	2390	157	6,500
98 623	_	623	~	124	2140	189	4,950
85 54		54	0	108	1870	121	4,300
		40		0.7	1500	g	019 8

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

	Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minute.	gallons	80	115	145	272	360	610	865	1350	2550	3850	:	:		
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 21,200	18,460	16,470	15,000	13,050	11,670	10,125	9,230	8,240	7,155	6,520	5,825	2,060	4,120	
o i	sewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 521	454	405	869	321	287	249	227	203	176	160	143	124	102	
Sewer 3 Feet 9 Inches X 2 Feet 6 Inches	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (1 Foot 10‡ Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 9190	8000	7130	6495	5645	5050	4375	4000	3565	3090	2830	2525	2188	1782	
Z Feet	oportion to	One (1 Foot 1	Velocity.	feet 464	404	360	328	285	255	221	202	180	156	143	127	110	06	
Inches ×	Flow in Pr	One-quarter. (114 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 2665	2315	2075	1890	1640	1460	1270	1160	1038	901	820	730	635	515	1000
Feet 8	Depth of	One-0 (114 J	Velocity.	feet 367	319	586	260	526	201	175	160	143	124	113	101	87	77	
Sewer 3		One-eighth. (5# Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 758	662	592	536	467	418	362	331	296	256	234	209	181	148	-
		One-e (5 \$ Ir	Velocity.	feet 284	248	222	201	175	157	136	124	H	96	87	78	89	55	-
		tion.		feet per mile	9	32	26.4	20	16	12	10	\$	9	5	4	60	68	
		Inclination		1 in 100	1 ,, 132	1 ,, 165		1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 , 440	1 ,, 528	1 " 660	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 ,, 1820	1 " 1760	1 ,, 2640	
N																		

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 4 Feet × 2 Feet 8 Inches.

Quantity	give Velocity of 150 Feet		gallons	08	120	225		360	610	098	1350	2500	4000	:	:	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 25,000	21,760	19,500	15,430		13,800	11,900	10,880	9,750	8,460	7.720	6,900	5,950	4,880
ewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 537	468	980	332		297	256	234	210	182	166	148	128	105
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (2 Feet.)	Discharge.	gallons 10,850	9,440	8,420	6,680		5,980	5,160	4,720	4,210	3,668	3.340	2,990	2,580	2,105
portion to	O C O	Velocity.	feet 479	417	372	295		264	228	808	186	162	148	132	114	93
Flow in Pro	One-quarter, (1 Foot.)	Discharge.	gallons 3150	2740	2450	1940	H	1725	1500	1350	1230	1065	026	863	750	615
Depth of	One-c (1 I	Velocity.	feet 380	330	295	234		802	180	165	148	128	117	104	90	74
	One-eighth. (6 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 884	780	089	550		490	430	390	340	300	975	245	210	170
	One-e (6 In	Velocity.	feet 294	255	226	208		162	140	128	113	66	06	81	02	22
	tion,		feet per mile	40	32	*. 02 *. 03		16	12	10	00	9	70		co	
	Inclination,		1 in 100		1 , 165	1 264	"	1 ,, 330	1 ., 440	1 ., 528	1 660	1 ,, 880	1 1056	1 1320	1 1760	1 ,, 2640

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewer 4 Feet 6 Inches × 3 Feet.

	Onentify	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per Minute.	gallons	85	125	235	370	620	098	2400	3550	6100	::
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 33,500	29,250	26,130	20,720	18,480	16,000	14,600	11,300	10,360	9,240	6,530
	ewer.	Seven (Maximun	Velocity.	feet 570	497	444	352	314	272	248	192	176	157	111
F cer.	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (2 Feet 3 Inches.	Velocity. Discharge.	gailons 14,540	12,650	11,320	8,930	8,000	6,920	6,325	4,700	4,465	4,000	2,834
0 4 801	portion to	One (2 Feet	Velocity.	feet 508	442	396	312	280	242	221	171	156	140	93
SCHOOL TEST O INCHES A STEEL	Flow in Pro	One quarter. (1 Foot 1½ Inch.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 4300	3740	3360	2655	2375	2055	1870	1455	1330	1190	048
1 1 10	Depth of	One q (1 Foot	Velocity.	feet 402	350	314	248	223	192	175	136	124	1111	78
		One-eighth. (61 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 1230	1050	925	740	664	572	525	405	372	\$3 1	232
		One-e (6 l	Velocity.	feet 314	271	240	192	172	148	136	105	96	86	60
		Inclination.		feet p		32				01 %		20		9 63
		Inclin		1 in 100	1 ,, 132	1 ,, 165	1 ,, 264	1 ,, 330	1 ,, 440	1 ,, 528	1 ,, 880	1 ,, 1056	1 "1320	1 ,, 2640

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

	Ouantity	give Velocity of 150 Feet		gallons	06	15.5	250	380	630	865	1,360	2,350	3,500	5,700	:	
		Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons	37,900	30,800	26,800	24,040	20,175	18,950	16,920	14,670	13,380	12,020	10,390	8,466
	ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 600	522	466	368	331	286	261	233	202	184	166	143	116
ches.	Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer.	One-half. (2 Feet 6 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 19,050	16,520	13,470	11,700	10,500	9,040	8,260	7,400	6,420	5,850	5,250	4,500	3,700
eet 4 Ir	oportion to	One (2 Feet	Velocity.	feet 537	466	418 380	330	296	255	233	500	181	165	148	127	104
Sewers 5 Feet × 3 Feet 4 Inches.	Flow in Pr	One-quarter. (1 Foot 3 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 5510	4800	4300 3890	3370	3000	2620	2400	2150	1855	1690	1500	1310	1075
ers 5 F	Depth of	One-c (1 Foot		feet 424	370	335	260	232	202	185	166	143	130	116	101	88
Sew		One-eighth (74 Inches.)	Velocity. Discharge.	gallons 1554	1342	1205	950	848	738	029	603	522	475	425	370	301
		One- (7\frac{1}{4}\tri	Velocity.	feet 322	280	252	198	177	154	140	126	109	66	68	77	63
		tion.		feet per mile	40	32 26.4	88	16	12	10	80	9	10	4	es	69
		Inclination.		100		165	264	330	., 440	., 528	099 "	., 880	. 1056	,, 1320	,, 1760	" 2640
				1	-			1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

VELOCITY and DISCHARGE per MINUTE in EGG-SHAPED SEWERS, with Water flowing at various depths.

Sewers 6 Feet × 4 Feet.

Onantity	required to give Velocity of 150 Feet	per minute.	gallons	86	175	270	410	049	875	1,380	2,350	3,480	5,600	11,000	:
	Seven-eighths. (Maximum Discharge.)	Discharge.	gallons 68.410	59,938	48,746	42,365	87,970	32,800	29,917	26,780	25,314	21,130	18,933	16,318	13,389
ewer.	Seven (Maximur	Velocity.	feet 654	573	466	405	363	314	286	256	242	202	181	156	128
Depth of Flow in Proportion to Height of Sewer	One-half. (3 Feet.)	Discharge.	gallons 29,700	25,984	21,093	18,342	16,406	14,215	12,992	11,616	10,037	9,171	8,203	7,130	2,800
oportion t	00	Velocity.	feet 583	510	414	360	322	279	255	228	197	180	191	140	114
Flow in Pr	One-quarter.	Discharge.	gallons 8628	7488	6106	5341	4762	4127	8753	3361	2913	2670	2372	2054	1891
Depth of	One-c	Velocity.	feet 462	401	327	586	255	221	201	180	156	143	127	110	8
	One-eighth. (9 Inches.)	Discharge.	gallons 2451	2148	1744	1517	1359	1174	1072	954	830	755	629	583	474
	One-6 (9 In	Velocity.	feet 357	313	254	221	198	171	156	139	121	110	66	82	69
	Inclination.		feet per mile 52.8	2 40	9.92	4 20	91 0					6 5	4 0	80 0	64
	Incli		1 in 10	1 ,, 13	1 , 200	1 ,, 26	1 ,, 330	1 " 44	1 ,, 52	1 ,, 66	1 ,, 88	1 ,, 1066	1 ,, 132	1 " 176	1 ,, 264

TABLE VII.—DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

Norg.—The relocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

	24 Inches. (•212 Galls. per Ft.)	gails, per min. 274·8 194·4	137.4 122.8	112·2 103·7 97·1 91·6 87·0	79.4 73.5 68.7 64.8 61.3
	2 Inches. (*135 Galls, per Ft.)	galls, per min. 157.2	78.6 70.3	64.2 55.5 4.9.7 7.04	45.4 42.1 39.3 37.1 35.2
	14 Inch. (*076 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 76.66 54.23	38.33 34.28	31.29 28.93 27.09 25.55 24.26	22·16 20·50 19·16 18·10 17·15
Diameter of Pipe.	14 Inch. (*053 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 48.55 34.32		19.81 18.32 17.15 16.18 15.36	14.30 13.00 12.14 11.44 10.85
Diamet	1 Inch. (*034 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min. g 27:75 19:63	13.87 12.40	11.33 10.47 9.81 9.25 8.78	8.02 7.44 6.94 6.53 6.21
	‡ inch. (*019 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min 13.52 9.56	6.76	5.52 5.10 4.78 4.51 4.28	3.01 3.38 3.19 3.03
	4 Inch. (.008 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min. 4.91 3.47	2.46	2.00 1.85 1.73 1.64	1.42 1.32 1.23 1.17 1.17
	# Inch. (.005 Gails. per Ft.)	galls, per min. 2.39 1.70	1.19		. 69 . 64 . 60 . 56 . 53
Retio of	Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	1 10 1		11111098876	1, 12 1, 14 1, 16 1, 16 1, 20

DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

NOTE.—The velocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

				Diame	Diameter of Pipe.			
katio of Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	å Inch. (*005 Galls. per Ft.)	† Inch. (*008 Galls. per Ft.)	Property.	1 Inch. (*034 Galls. per Ft.)	14 Inch. (*053 Galls. per Ft.)	14 Inch. ('076 Galls. per Ft.)	2 Inches. (*135 Galls. per Ft.)	24 Inches. (*212 Galls. per Ft.)
1 to 25	galls. per min.	galls.	galls. per min.	galls, per min. 5.55	gall	ij	galls, per min. 31·4	galls
1 ,, 30	•44	06.	2.48	5.08	8.30		29.3	
1, 35	98.		2.78	4.69	7.70	12.12	24.9	43.4
1 , 45	98.	.73	2.05	4.14	7.23		23.4	
1 50	-33	69.	1.92	3.93	98.9	10.80	22.2	38.9
1 ,, 60	.31	.64	1.76	3.60	6.30	06.6	20.4	35.6
1 ,, 70	.28	.29	1.62	3.32	2.80	9.16	18.8	32.8
1, 80	.27	.55	1.50	3.10	5.40	09.8	17.5	30.7
1 , 100	.24	.49	1.34	2.77	4.86	99.2	15.7	27.5
1 120	.21	.44	1.23	2.52	4.40	6.95	14.3	24.9
1 ,, 150	•19	.40	11.11	2.27	3.96	6.26	12.8	22.4
1 200	.17	.35	96.	96.1	3.43	5.42	11.1	19.4
1 , 250	.15	.31	.85	1.75	3.07	4.85	6.6	17.4
	•14	.29	64.	19.1	28.2	4.45	9.1	16.0
				1				

DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

Nore.—The velocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

	10 Inches. (3:39 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min. 3933 2780 2270 1967 1759	1606 1487 1391 1311 1244	1136 1051 983 927 879
	9 Inches. (2·75 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 3020 2138 1745 1511	1234 1142 1069 1007 956	873 808 756 712 676
	8 Inches. (2·17 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 2253 1592 1300 1126 1007	920 851 796 751 712	650 594 563 536 503
Diameter of Pipe.	7 Inches. (1.66 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 1613 1140 931 806 721	658 610 570 538 510	466 431 403 380 360
Diame	6 Inches. (1.22 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min 1097 776 633 548 491	448 415 388 366 347	317 293 274 258 245
	5 Inches. (*85 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min 695 491 401 347 311	283 246 232 222	201 186 174 164 155
	4 Inches. (·54 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min 398 281 230 199 178	162 150 141 133 126	115 106 99 94 89
	3 Inches. (*305 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, permin, 6 193 137 112 97 86	73 68 64 61	56 52 49 46 43
	katio of Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	1 to 5 1 " 10 1 " 15 1 " 20 1 " 25	1 35 1 35 1 45 1 50	1 " 60 1 " 70 1 " 80 1 " 90 1 " 100

DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

NOTE. -The velocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

				Diame	Diameter of Pipe.			
Katio of Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	3 Inches. (·305 Galls. per Ft.)	4 Inches. (.54 Galls. per Ft.)	6 Inches. (*85 Galls. per Ft.)	6 Inches.; (1.22 Galls, per Ft.)	7 Inches. (1.66 Galls. per Ft.)	8 Inches. (2·17 Galls. per Ft.)	9 Inches. (2.75 Galls. per Ft.)	10 Inches. (3:39 Galls. per Ft.)
200	galls, per min. g	alls, per min.	alls, per min.	galls, per min 219	galls, per min.	galls, per min. 450	galls, per min.	galls. per min. 786
1 ,, 150	36	73	127	200	596	411	552	812
	33	29			273	380	210	665
	31	62			262	352	478	622
	27	26	86		227	317	426	554
1 300	25	51	06	142	208		390	
1 , 350	23	47	83	131	193	270	361	470
1 ., 400	21	44	82	123	180	252	338	440
1 ., 450	20	42	73	116	170	238	319	415
1 ,, 500	19	40	69	110	161	225	302	393
1 600	18	36	63	100	147	206	276	360
1 ,, 700	17	34	59	93	136	191	256	332
1 ,, 800	16	31	55	87	127	178	239	320
1 ,, 900	15	53	52	83	120	168	226	293
1 ,,1000	14	28	49	78	114	159	214	278

DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

Nore.—The velocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

	30 Inches. 36 Inches. (30.7 (44.2 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. galls. per min. 39,660 48,365 27,422 43,265 25,034 39,490 21,680 34,200 19,390 30,588	17,704 27,926 16,390 25,854 15,330 24,182 14,452 22,000 13,712 21,628	12,264 19,346 11,200 17,665 10,365 16,350 9,695 15,294 8,640 13,628
	27 Inches. (24.8 Galls. per Ft.)	galls. per min. 23,360 21,070 19,235 16,660 14,900	13,600 12,593 11,943 11,105 10,535	9, 423 8, 605 7, 964 7, 450 6, 638
Diameter of Pipe.	es. 24 Inches. Is. (19·6 Galls. per Ft.)	min. galls. per min. 0. 17,552 17,552 14,330 18, 12,411 0. 11,100	77 10,133 77 9,382 8,776 8,274 11 7,850	7,021 6,411 6,931 7,5538 4,946
ία	18 Inches. 21 Inches. (11.04 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min. galls, per min. 12,570 7,648 11,240 6,982 10,262 6,047 8,888 5,408 7,950	4,937 7,257 4,571 6,717 4,276 6,284 4,032 5,925 3,824 5,621	3,420 5,027 3,123 4,591 2,890 4,250 2,698 3,974 2,410 3,542
	15 Inches. (7.67 Galls, per Ft.)	galls, per min. galls, 1 5,420 4,848 7,426 3,833 6,3,428 5,428	3,130 2,897 2,710 2,555 2,424 3,	2,168 1,980 1,832 2,1714 1,714 2,27
	12 Inches. (4.91 Galls. (7) per Ft.)	galls per min. galls 2,775 2,533 2,194 1,962	1,792 1,660 1,551 1,462 1,387	1,241 1,133 1,049 981 874
Dett.	Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	1 to 20 1, 25 1, 30 1, 40 1, 50	1,, 60 1,, 70 1,, 80 1,, 90 1,, 100	1, 125 1, 150 1, 175 1, 200 1, 250

DISCHARGE of PIPES (running full).

NOTE.—The velocity in feet per minute may be ascertained in each case by dividing the discharge by the number of gallons contained in each lineal foot of the pipe as given at the top of the column.

	36 Inches. (44.2 Galls, per Ft.)	galls. per min. 12,488 11,560 10,814 10,198	9,675	8,830	7,647	6,840	6,118	4,836	3,949	3,029
	30 Inches. (30·7 Galls, per Ft.)	galls. per min. 7,916 7,330 6,856 6 464	6,132	5,597	4,848	4,336	3,878 3,540	3,066	2,503	1,939
	27 Inches. (24·8 Galls, per Ft.)	galis. per min. 6,083 5,567 5,268 4,966	4,712	4,300	8,725 3,512	3,332	2,980	2,356	1,924	1,490
Diameter of Pipe.	24 Inches, (19.6 Gails, per Ft.)	galls, per min. galls, per min. galls, per min. galls, per min. 1,400 2,208 3,245 4,532 1,296 2,044 3,004 4,196 1,212 1,912 2,810 3,925 1,143 1,803 9,650 8,700	3,510	3,204 2,971	2,775	2,482	2,220	1,755	1,433	1,110
Diame	21 Inches. (15 Galls, per Ft.)	galls. per min. 3, 245 3,004 2,810 9,650	2,514	2,295	1,987		1,590	1,257	1,026	795
	18 Inches. 11:04 Galls, per Ft.)	galls. per min 2, 208 2, 044 1, 912 1 803	1,710	1,561	1,352	1,210	1,081	855	869	541
	15 Inches. (7.67 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min 1,400 1,296 1,212	1,084	990	857 808	992	684	545	443	343
	12 Inches. (4.91 Galls. per Ft.)	galls, per min. 801 742 694 654	620	566	490 462	439	358	310	253	196
Ratio of	Head of Water to Length of Pipe.	1 to 300 1 " 350 1 " 400	1 ,, 500	1 ,, 600	1,, 800	1 " 1000	1 ,, 1250 1 ,, 1500	1 ,, 2000	1 , 3000	1 ,, 5000

TABLE VIII.-QUANTITY of SEWAGE due to POPULATION.

ropulation.	Average	Average Flow during 24 hours.	24 hours.	Maximur	Maximum Flow, half in 6 hours.	6 hours.	Allowance for 100 per acre	Allowance for Rainfall for Population of 100 per acre, or 435 super, feet of area per inhabitant.	Population of feet of area
	At 20 Galls. per Head.	At 30 Galls. per Head.	At 50 Galls. per Head.	At 20 Galls, per Head.	At 30 Galls. per Head.	At 50 Galls. per Head.	At † Inch in 24 Hours.	At # Inch in 24 Hours.	At 1 Inch in 24 hours.
500	galls. per min.	galls. per min.	galls. per min.	galls per min.	galls. per min. 21	galls, per min.	galls. per min.	galls. per min.	galls, per min. 78.7
2,000 3,000 000 000	42 42 42 42	622 63	. 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26	83.28	125 125 125	139 208 208	39 79 118	79 157 236 915	157 315 472 690
4,000	388 8	104	174 208 943	139	208 250 250	347 417 418	196 235 975	393 472 551	787
6,000	1111	140 167 187	278 312	222 250	338 375	556 625	314 353	630 708	1,258
20,000	139 278	208	347 694	278 555	833	1,389	393	1,573	3,146
40,000 50,000	555 694	833 1,042	1,389	1,110	1,667 2,083	2,778 3,472	1,573	3,146 3,932	6,292 7,865

QUANTITY of SEWAGE due to POPULATION.

			The second liver with	The second name of the second				-	
Population.	Average	Average Flow during 24 hours.	24 hours.	Maximun	Maximum Flow, half in 6 hours.	6 hours.	Allowance fo	Allowance for Rainfall for Population of 100 per acre, or 435 super, feet of area per inhabitant,	Population of feet of area
	At 20 Galls. per Head.	At 30 Galls. per Head.	At 30 Galls. At 50 Galls. per Head.	At 20 Galls. per Head.	At 30 Galls. per Head.	At 50 Galls. per Head.	At t Inch in 24 Hours.		At Inch in At 1 Inch in 24 Hours. 24 Hours.
60,000 70,000 80,000 90,000 100,000	galls. per min. 833 972 1,110 1,250 1,389	galls. per min. 1,250 I,458 1,667 1,875 2,083	galls, per min. 2,083 2,430 2,778 3,125 3,472	galls. per min. 1,666 1,944 2,220 2,500 2,778	galls. per min. 2,500 2,916 3,334 3,750 4,166	galls per min. 4,166 4,860 5,556 6,250 6,944	galls. per min. 2,358 2,652 3,146 3,539 3,932	galls. per min. 4,717 5,504 6,292 7,079 7,865	galls. per min. 9, 434 11, 009 12, 584 14, 157 15, 729

250 gallons per inhabited house, being about 44 gallons per head, is the quantity prescribed by Act of Parliament to be provided for in the Lower Thames Valley and Darenth Valley Main Sewerage Districts. This is understood to include

Rainfall should not be taken on the basis of population, as in the third column, unless either the whole area to be provided for is continuously built upon, or the separate system is adopted and rain not admitted to the sewers except in some allowance for rainfall. close proximity to houses.

the ratio to 100; thus, for population of 200 per acre divide by 2, for 150 per acre take two-thirds, &c., and similarly for 50 per acre multiply by 2, &c.
On the other hand, if the system to be adopted is that of excluding the rain water, the average area pertaining to each In the former case, if the population be greater than is assumed, the figures in the Table must obviously be divided by

be adopted or will require modification, according as the result arrived at compares with the assumption of 435 super feet to inhabited house must first be ascertained and the number of persons per house; and the figures in the third column may each individual

TABLE IX.-QUANTITY and DISCHARGE from AREAS due to RAINFAIL.

Quantity running off at following Rates.	# Inch in 1 Inch in # Inch in # Inch in # Inch in an hour. 24 hours. 24 hours. 24 hours. 24 hours.	galls, per galls, galls, galls, galls. per min. per min. per min. per min. per min. 0.0036, 0.018	0.072 0.036 0.018	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.181 0.090 0.042	0.36 0.18 0.09	0.72 0.36 0.18	3.2 1.08 0.54 0.27 0.13 4.3 1.44 0.79 0.36 0.18	1.81 0.90 0.45	10.8 3.62 1.81 0.90 0.45	47 15·7 7·9 3·9 2·0 94 31·5 15·7 7·9 3·9	47.2 23.6 11.8	63.0 31.5 15.7	0.61 0.60 1.81
Quantity ru	4 Inch in an bour.	60	0.43	0.65	1.08	2.5	4.3	6.5	10.8	21.7	189	284	378	7/4
	1 Inch in an hour.	galls, per min.	0.87	1.30	2.17	4.3	8.7	13.0	21.7	43.4	189	266	755	944
		galls, per min.	1.74	3.47	4.34	2.8	17.4	26.0	43.4	8.98	377	1,132	1,510	1,887
Equivalent	throughout the Year.	gallons	0.28	0.43	0.71	1.4	2.8	4 r	7.1	14.2	62	186	248	310
Quantity equal		gallons		156 208	260	520	1,040	1,560	2,600	5,200	22,651	67,954	90,605	113,230
	Area.	100 mm food	200 m	300 400		1,000 "	2,000 "	3,000 ",	5,000 "	10,000 "	1 acre	*	4 n	" 0

QUANTITY and DISCHARGE from AREAS due to RAINFALL.

	Onantity equal	Equivalent			Quantity ru	Quantity running off at following Rates.	following	Rates.		
Area.	a a	Supply Dally throughout the Year.	1 Inch I Inch In an hour.	f Inch in an hour.	t Inch in an hour.	F Inch in an hour.	1 Inch in 1 Inch in 24 hours. 24 hours.	Finch in 24 hours.	t Inch in t Inch in 24 hours. 24 hours.	Inch in 24 hours.
0 V	gallons 992 519	gallons	galls. per min.	galls, per min.	galls, per min.	galls, per min.	galls. per min.	galls. per min.	galls. per min.	galls. per min.
20 ",	453,025	1,241	7,550	3,775	1,888	944	315	157	118	30 20
	906,049 1,132,561	2,482 3,103	15,101	7,550	3,776	1,888	629	315	157	98
100 "	2,265,122 4,530,245	6,206	37,752		9,438	4,719	1,573		393	196
300 400 500 300	6,795,367 9,060,490 11,325,612	18,618 24,823 31,029	113,256 151,008 188,760	56,628 75,504 94,380	28,314 37,752 47,190	14,152 18,876 23,595	4,717 6,292 7,865	2,358 3,145 3,932	1,179 1,573 1,966	589 787 983
1 square mile	14,496,770	39,717	241,613	241,613 120,806	60,403	30,201	10,067	5,033	2,516	1,258

E It is estimated that on an average four-fifths of the Rain runs off slated roofs, one-half off streets and paved DS surfaces; and one-eighth part off the surface of cultivated land, within an hour of falling, whenever the fall is considerable.

Table X.—Annual Rainfall.

Average Rainfall for 30 Years (1870–1899) in British Isles.

Division.	County.	Station.	Height above Sea.	Average Rainfall.
	ENGLAND.		ft.	
I.	Middlesex	London (Camden Square)	1111	in. 25·16
· II.		Deimate (Notes al)	440	
11.	Surrey	Reigate (Nutwood)	217	30.11
	Sussex	Eastbourne (Osborne House)	12	30.98
	Hants	Osborne (Newbarn Cottage)	172	28.12
	,,	Alton (Ashdell)	433	33.20
III.	Herts	Hitchin (Wratten)	238	24.66
	Bucks	High Wycombe	253	24.93
	Oxford	Oxford (Magdalen College)	186	24.54
	Northampton	Wellingboro (Croyland Abbey)	160	25.31
	Cambridge	Ely (Stretham)	42	22.16
IV.	Essex	Chelmsford (High Street)	86	22.96
	Suffolk	Ixworth (Walsham-le-Willows)	-	25.87
	Norfolk	Geldeston	38	23.93
	"	Hillington School	94	27.17
V.	Wilts	Marlborough (Mildenhall)	456	30.19
	Dorset	Wimborne Minster (Chalbury)	338	31.06
	Devon	Ashburton (Druid House)	572	52.91
	C " " ·· ··	Barnstaple (Athenæum)	25	38.32
	Cornwall	St. Austell (Trevarna)	300	47.16
	Somerset	E. Harptree (Sherborne Reservoir)		41.16
VI.	Hereford	Ross (The Graig)	213	29.51
	~ · · · · ·	Kington (Lynhales)	566	33.26
	Salop	Church Stretton (Woolstaston)	800	33.04
	Stafford	Adderley Rectory	424	29.13
	Worcester	Manthaniala Danla	410	29.22
		mi i D		
VII.	Leicester	Thornton Reservoir	371 135	26·48 24·77
	Lincoln	Horncastle (Revesby)	56	24 54
				100
VIII.	Cheshire	Woodhead Reservoir	660	48.85
	Lancashire	Ormskirk (Rufford)	39 155	33·71 43·69
HE WAS	"	Cartmel (Holker)		1000
IX.	York, W. Riding	South Milford Rectory	70	26.08
HER GI))))))	Arncliffe Vicarage	734	60.96
	" E. "	Hull (Pearson Park) Old Malton	6 75	27.02 26.71
MEETING.	" N. "	Old Malton	170	27.09
TRUE TO	29 29 27	Deduit (Indipo I citow)	110	21 00

TABLE X .- continued.

Division.	County.	Station.	Height above Sea.	Average Raintall.
	England—cont.		ft.	in.
X.	Durham	Wolsingham	464	34.75
	Northumberland	Haltwhistle (Unthank Hall)	380	35.44
	Cumberland	Ilderton (Lilburn Tower) Whitehaven (Irish Street)	300	29.19
	,,	Carlisle (Cemetery)	114	31.64
	Westmorland	Kendal (Ivy Garth)	146	50.41
	WALES.			
XI.	Pembroke	Haverfordwest (High Street)	95	47.88
	Carnarvon	Llanystumdwy (Salarvor)	49	35.82
	"	Llandudno (Warwick House)	90	30.98
	SCOTLAND.			
XII.	Dumfries	Durrisdeer (Drumlanrig Castle)	191	44.28
XIII.	Selkirk Berwick	Galashiels (Abbotsford Road) Marchmont House	416 500	33·82 34·91
XIV.		Du na		
Δ1 ٧.	Lanark	Bothwell Castle	146	28.92
	Renfrew	Waulk Glen	280	46.91
XVI.	Kinross	Loch Leven Sluice	360	36.20
	Perth	Loch Drunkie	420	63.09
	Forfar	Craigton	481	37.73
XVII.	Aberdeen	Braemar	1114	36.07
******	Elgin or Moray	Gordon Castle	107	30.41
XVIII.	Inverness	Loch Shiel (Glenaladale)	50	105.29
XIX.	Sutherland	Golspie (Dunrobin Castle)	14	31.03
	IRELAND.			
XX.	Waterford	Portlaw (Mayfield)	70	42.38
XXI.	Wexford	Gorey (Courtown House)	80	35.72
	Wicklow	Bray (Fassaroe)	250	40.55
Fire	Carlow	Carlow (Browne's Hill)	291	34 · 44
XXII.	Galway	Ballinasloe	160	37.04
XXIII.	Cavan	Belturbet (Red Hills)	208	35.19
	Armagh Down	Armagh Observatory	205	31.36
	Tyrone	Omagh (Edenfel)	280	37.85
-				1

Table XI.—Monthly and Annual Rainfall.
(1) Rainfall at Camden Square, London, during each Month for 42 Years, 1858-1899.

							14						
Year.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
1858	in. •88	in. 1.80	in. ·69	in. 2·90	in. 2·76	in. •92	in. 3·01	in. 1·10	in. ·85	in. 1.58	in.	in. 1·75	in. 18·77
1859	.72	1.23	1.33	2.61	2.13	2.90	2.93	2.65	4.04	2.53	2.90	2-24	28.21
1860	1.97	1.25	1.87	1.45	3.57	5.47	2.26	4.48	2.92	1.77	2.72	2.51	32.24
1861	.43	1.93	2.43	1.30	1.39	2.13	2.42	.94	2.15	1.05	4.65	1.45	22.27
1862	1.92	·31	3.69	2.30	3.06	2.43	2.61	2.74	2.19	3.50	1.13	1.71	27.59
1863	2.80	•67	.85	•52	1.27	4.86	•92	1.44	3.49	1.62	1.84	1.31	21.59
1864	1.02	.85	2.62	.82	1.86	1.28	·62	1.33	2.55	1.13	2.49	.36	16.93
1865	3.90	2.01	1.12	.33	3.40	2.21	2.33	4.10	•55	6.22	1.96	1.35	29.48
1866	3.90	3.72	1.69	1.76	2.03	3.98	1.19	2.76	3.89	2.32	1.73	2.63	31.60
1867	2.81	1.44	2.48	2.36	2.45	1.22	4.30	2.63	2.23	1.92	.86	1.59	26.29
1868	3.89	1.21	1.28	1.50	1.58	.78	*45	2.28	1.74	2.54	1.03	5.12	23.40
1869	2.76	2.48	1.97	1.28	3.27	1.03	.62	1.26	3.56	1.87	2.38	2.94	25.42
1870	1.38	1.21	2.31	.47	.70	.83	1.22	2.69	2.00	3.68	1.76	3.07	21.32
1871	1.99	1.27	1.19	2.84	.92	3.49	4.12	.85	5.28	1.34	.60	1.13	25.02
1872	3.46	.96	2.66	1.39	3.02	2.55	2.57	2.05	1.64	5.20	3.38	4.35	33.86
1873	2.44	1.96	1.46	.55	1.56	2.24	2.81	2.87	2.46	2.97	1.87	•48	22.67
1874	1.18	•91	.39	1.26	1.14	2.05	.82	1.32	2.62	3.34	2.21	1.58	18.82
1875	3.22	1.06	. 69	1.53	1.61	2.40	4.63	1.79	2.86	4.35	3.36	.94	28.44
1876	•94	1.97	2.96	1.90	.94	1.27	.81	1.79	2.86	1.40	3.07	6.25	26.16
1877	4.74	1.78	2.38	2.59	1.91	•42	3.94	2.23	.82	1.97	3.88	1.51	28.17
1878	1.31	1.49	1.12	4.97	3.89	6.71	· 64	6.72	.83	1.99	2.95	1.46	34.08
1879	2.87	3.77	.91	2.72	3.46	4.76	4.17	5.11	3.67	.80	.72	.86	33.82
1880	.31	2.33	.79	2.15	.26	4.04	5.11	.45	4.04		1.85	3.17	30.58
1881	1.85	3.09	2.30	.46	1.52	1.72	1.85	4.89	2.03	2.99	2.75	2.47	27.92
1882	1.30	1.30	1.35	2.83	1.20	2.30	2.95	1.48	2.39	4.96	2.57	2.51	27.14
1883	2.08	3.62	.86	1.56	1	1.35	2.92	.93		1.75	2.78		24.40
1 1 200	2.30		1.41	1.02	.78	2.84		.89		.99	1.92		20.35
1885	1.43	2.86	1.65	2.32	2.63	1.99	•52	.85	4.30	3.73	3.31	1.05	26.64

TABLE XI .- continued.

Year.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
1886	in. 4.02	in.	in. 1·38	in. 1·22	in. 4·79	in. ·63	in. 2·37	in. ·76	in. 1.73	in. 2·43	in. 2·71	in. 4·34	in. 27·01
1887	1.26	.48	1.65	1.41	1.45	•91	1.07	3.15	1.81	1.24	3.40	1.38	19.21
1888	-90	.78	3.34	2.37	1.18	2.31	4.91	3.61	1.43	1.23	4.38	1.29	27.73
1889	.81	2:28	1.36	2.06	3.22	2.03	2.64	1.80	1.77	3.75	.89	1.23	23.84
1890	2.46	1.04	1.76	2.02	1.25	2.82	4.19	1.55	·64	1.20	1.62	.68	21.23
1891	1.80	.01	2.01	1.13	2.72	.86	3.82	4.75	1.03	4.80	1.98	3.24	28.15
1892	.50	1.62	1.04	•99	1.51	2.46	1.62	3.06	2.12	3.78	2.53	1.37	22.60
1893	1.44	2.87	.32	•24	.80	.73	2.46	1.61	1.07	3.87	2.16	2.23	19.80
1894	2.87	1.74	1.18	1.74	1.85	1.84	3.25	2.85	1.04	4.45	2.85	2.28	27.94
1895	1.96	·12	1.42	1.34	•34	•30	3.42	3.09	1.28	2.84	3.17	2.19	21.47
1896	.78	·29	3.20	•55	•14	2.27	1.03	1.92	5.51	3.05	1.17	3.61	23.52
1897	2.05	2.75	3.42	1.57	1.08	1.87	•64	2.92	2.75	.56	1.05	2.20	22.86
1898	.73	1.08	1.46	1.01	2.26	1.11	1.09	1.18	.33	2.96	1.94	2.54	17.69*
1899	2.52	2.00	.50	2.64	1.38	1.49	1.45	.70	2.65	2.03	4.13	1.05	22.54
Mean	2.00	1.58	1.68	1.67	1.91	2.19	2.33	2.31	2.35	2.70	2.33	2.12	25 · 20

Greatest fall in one civil year (1878), 34.08.

- .. twelve months (March 1878 to February 1879), 37.92
- six months (March to August 1878) 24.65.
 - three months (March, April, May 1878), 15.57.
- two months (December 1876, January 1877), 10.99
- ., one month (August 1878), 6.72.

Least fall in one civil year (1864), 16.93.

- " twelve months (October 1897 to September 1898), 14.06.
 - , six months (December 1873 to June 1874), 5.36.
- " four months (December 1873 to March 1874), 2.96.
- three months (February, March, April, 1863), 1.94.
- . . . two months (March, April, 1893), .56.
 - one month (February 1891), '01.

Least average of three consecutive years (1897-8-9), 21.03.

* This was the total fall registered at Camden Square, but much lower records were obtained at other stations at lower elevation, viz. at Shoreditch, 14:30; East Ham, 14:08; Barking Outfall, 13:04: thus making 1898 the driest year for half a century over a considerable area.

TABLE XI .- continued.

(2) Average Monthly Rainfall at various stations in British Isles during 30 Years, 1870–1899.

	1	_		_					_			,	
Station.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
England.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.
Camden Square Eastbourne Hitchin High Wycombe Ely Marlborough Barnstaple Ross (Hereford) Ormskirk	1·9 2·7 1·8 2·2 1·3 2·6 3·4 2·7 2·7	1.6 2.1 1.5 1.8 1.1 2.2 2.8 2.2 2.0	1.6 2.0 1.5 1.6 1.1 1.9 2.3 1.7 2.2	1·7 1·9 1·6 1·6 1·4 2·0 2·2 1·9 1·7	1·7 1·6 1·9 1·6 1·8 1·9 2·1 2·1	2·1 1·8 1·9 1·8 2·0 2·2 2·3 2·3 2·4	2·5 2·4 2·5 2·1 2·8 2·8 3·3 2·8 3·4	2·4 2·3 2·1 2·4 2·7 3·4 2·6 3·6	2·3 3·1 2·3 2·4 2·2 2·6 3·6 2·7 3·4	2·8 4·1 2·7 2·9 2·4 3·3 4·9 3·1 3·9	2·4 3·7 2·6 2·6 2·1 3·3 4·0 2·9 3·2	2·1 3·2 2·0 2·3 1·5 2·7 4·1 2·4 3·1	25·0 31·0 24·7 24·9 22·2 30·2 38·5 29·4 33·7
Cartmel (Lancs.). Old Malton (Yorks) Kendal	3·9 1·9 5·2		3·1 1·8 3·8	2·2 1·7 2·4		2.1	3·9 2·6 4·3	4·4 2·7 4·9	2.3	3.1	4·3 2·5 4·9	2.4	26.7
WALES. Haverfordwest	5.1	3.7	3.0	2.6	9.5	2.6	3.7	4.0	1.9	5.6	5.4	5.2	48.0
Llandudno	2.6	2.0		1.8	1.8	2.0	2.6	2.9	2.9	4.1	3.4		31.1
SCOTLAND.											- 11		
Bothwell Castle	2.6	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.9	3.2	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.8	28.9
Waulk Glen (Ren-)	5.2	3.7	3.5	0.76	-	-		4.3				-	
Loch Leven Craigton Braemar	3·3 3·0 2·9	2·8 2·9 2·7	2.6	$2.0 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.2$	2.5	2.7		3·7 4·1 3·8	3.2	3·6 3·5 4·1	3.5	3.5	36·2 37·7 36·0
IRELAND.													
Portlaw (Water-) ford	4.5	3.7	2,7			2.6		D		4.3	4.1	4.7	42.2
Bray	3·8 3·5 2·6 3·4	3·6 2·5 2·1 2·5	2·9 2·4 2·0 2·5	2.4	2·6 2·5 2·1 2·4	2·7 2·5	3.4	3·3 3·9 3·3 4·0	3.2	3.0	3.6	3.6	40·5 37·0 31·3 37·8
Average of 24 Stations	3.1	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.4	3·1	3.3	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.4	34.8

TABLE XII .- DAILY and HOURLY MAXIMUM RAINFALL.

Perlod.	Greatest Ordinary Heavy Fall (as defined in "British Rainfall," all beyond this bring recorded as "Exceptional").	Exceptional Falls recorded during the Years
hours	2½ inches, where the total fall during the year exceeds 33 inches.	6.70 at Angerton, near Morpeth, in 1898 36.9
24	7.5 per cent. of the fall during the year, where it does not exceed 33 inches.	4.45 at N. Ockendon, Essex, being 16.5 p.c. of 27.0.
2	{·1 inch, or at rate} of ·50 in. per hr.}	3.75 inches. Flax Bourton, Somerset, July 16, 1892. 3 inches. Rotherham, September 15, 1880.
11/2	{ ·85 inch, or at rate} of ·56 in. per hr.}	3.07 inches = 2.05 in, per hour. Athlone, June 25, 1880.
1	·75 inch	2.58 inches. Sale, July 25, 1886.
min. 45	{·65 inch, or at rate} of ·87 in. per hr.}	
30	{ 50 inch, or at rate} of 1 in. per hr. }	(2.90 inches = 5.80 in. per hour. Cowbridge, South Wales, July 22, 1880.
20	{·40 inch, or at rate} of 1·20 in. per hr.}	{1.48 inches = 4.44 in. per hour. Barnstaple, June 30, 1879.
15	35 inch, cr at rate of 1.40 in. per hr.	(0.75 inch = 3 in. per hour. Oxford, August 6, 1898.
10	30 inch, or at rate of 1.80 in. per hr.	1 inch = 6 in. per hour. London, June 23, 1878.
5	{·20 inch, or at rate} of 2·40 in. per hr.}	{ '40 inch in 3 minutes = 8 in. per hour. London, June 23, 1878.

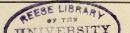


TABLE XIII.—WATER SUPPLY by GRAVITATION—Note.—Dimensions of Service Reservoirs and Distributing

Population.	Supply R at 20 Galle Hea	ons per	Area of Gathering Ground for	Sto	rage Reserv	oir to	Hold			
	Daily.	Equiva- lent per Minute.	12 Inches Available Rainfall.	Supply for 150 Days.						
	gallons	gallons	acres							
500	10,000	7	131	175 ft	t. diam. by	10	ft. dee	p		
1,000	20,000	14	27	226	"	12	"			
2,000	40,000	28	531	320	"	12	,,			
3,000	60,000	42	801	${391 \atop 2\frac{3}{4}}$	acres by	12 12	"	}		
5,000	100,000	70	134	33	"	15	"			
6,000	120,000	84	161	$4\frac{1}{2}$,,	15	,,			
8,000	160,000	112	215	6	"	15	"			
10,000	200,000	139	268	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 7\frac{1}{2} \\ 5\frac{1}{2} \end{array}\right.$	"	15 20	"	}		
20,000	400,000	278	536	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}15\\11\end{array}\right.$	"	15 20		}		
30,000	600,000	417	805	161	>1	20	"			
50,000	1,000,000	694	1340	$27\frac{1}{2}$	99	20	"			
60,000	1,200,000	833	1610	33	,,	20	,,			
80,000	1,600,000	1,111	2145	44	"	20	"			
100,000	2,000,000	1,389	4.2	{ 55 44	91 97	20 25		}		
500,000	10,000,000	6,944	21	${220 \atop 183}$	"	25 30		}		
1,000,000	20,000,000	13,889	42	{440 367	"	25 30		}		

WORKS for GIVEN POPULATION.

Mains same as for Pumping Works. (See next page.)

per S	Super.	o Pass Yard in	24 H	ours	3,				onduit to Pas rs, flowing o		
No. 2,	each	15 f	t. by	10	ft.	{	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2}$	inch,	loss of he	ad 1 in 1 ,,	120 400
,,	"	20	,,	15	,,	1	2 3	"	"	1 ,,	120 1000
No. 3,	, ,,	30	"	10	19	1	3 4	"	99	1 " 1 "	240 1000
,,	"	30	"	15	,,	1	4 5	19	"	1 ,,	450 1200
,,	"	50	"	15	,,	1	4 6	"	"	1 ,,	160 1200
,,	,,,	50	,,	18	"	1	5 6	"	"	1 ,,	350 900
"	"	60	,,	20	,,	1	6 7	"	"	1 ,,	500 1000
No. 4		50 32 ft.	"	20	"	}{	6 8	"	"	1 ,,	300 1250
No. 4,				are		1	9	"	"	1 "	600 1000
,,	,,	55	19				10 12	39 39	"	1 "	450 1000
,,	"	70	,,			1	12 15	"	"	1 "	400 1200
"	"	76	"			1)	12 15	"	"	1 ,, 1 ,,	275 850
,,	"	90	"				15 18	- "	"	1 ,,	480 1200
No. 6	,,	771	,,				18 21	"	99	1 "	750 1700
,,	"	173	,,,			1	$\frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{3}$	feet,	"	1 "	400 1000
,,	"	245	,,			1	3 4	"	"	1 "	250 1000

TABLE XIV.—WATER SUPPLY by PUMPING—

Population.	Supply Required per Hea	at 20 Gallons ad.	Hours during which it is proposed to Pump.	Net Horse- power to raise to 100 Feet Elevation.
	· Daily.	Equivalent per Minute.	oo ramp.	Zievanon,
500	gallons 10,000	gallons 7	4	11
1,000	20,000	14	6	13
2,000	40,000	28	10	2
3,000	60,000	42	10	3
5,000	100,000	70	10	5
6,000	120,000	84	10	6
8,000	160,000	112	10	8
10,000	200,000	139	10	101
20,000	400,000	278	18	111
30,000	600,000	417	24	123
50,000	1,000,000	694	24	21
60,000	1,200,000	833	24	251/4
80,000	1,600,000	1,111	24	33½
100,000	2,000,000	1,389	24	42
500,000	10,000,000	6,944	24	210
1,000,000	20,000,000	13,889	24	421

Works for Given Population.

									,	100	
of H W 10	nensi- Sing Pump orkin Strok Minu	le , g es		ensions of ping Main.	Servi	ice Re	eservoir to Days' Supp	o hold	Main Delivery Pipe to Pass at Rate of One-half in Four Hours.		
Diam	Str	oke.	Diam.	Loss of Head.					Diam.	Loss of Head.	
in. 8	ft. 2	in. 0	in.	1 in 110	22 ft	aq.	by 10 ft	. deep	in. 3	1 in 400	
9	2	0	4	1 ,, 450	31	,,	10	,,	4	1 ,, 450	
10	2	0	5	1 ,, 500	40	"	12	29	5	1 ,, 350	
12	2	1	5	1 ,, 240	49	"	12	,,	6	1 " 380	
14	2	6	6	1 " 220	561	,,	15	>>	8	1 " 580	
15	2	8	7	1 ,, 330	62	"	15	,,	8	1 ,, 400	
16	3	0	8	1 ,, 350	711	19	15	"	9	1 ,, 400	
18	3	1	9	1 ,, 400	80	"	15	"	10	1 ,, 450	
18	3	41/2	9	1 ,, 335	98	"	20	,,	15	1 " 850	
18	3	9	10	1 ,, 450	120	,,	20	"	15	1 ,, 440	
21	5	0	12	1 ,, 400	155	"	20	"	18	1 ,, 310	
24	4	3	15	1 ,, 850	170	"	20	"	21	1 ,, 500	
24	5	8	15	1 ,, 475	196	39	20	"	24	1 ,, 570	
24	7	0	18	1 ,, 770	220	"	20	,,	27	1 " 650	
3.9	10	0	ft. in. 2 6	1 ,, 385	438	,,	25	29	ft. in. 4 0	1 ,, 500	
5.0	11	4	3 0	1 ,, 245	620	39	25	,,	6 0	1 ,, 880	

TABLE XV.-AMALTSIS OF WATER.

The Results are given in parts per 100,000. To convert into grains per gallon (the measure adopted by many analysts for some of the constituents) multiply by seven-tenths. Grains per gallon of Hardness are generally described as "degrees of hardness."

	Remarks.	These figures represent the average of analyses taken weekly throughout the year	<u> </u>	creased to '160, and the albuminoid ammonia to '014.	(The borings are taken into the chalk, but the water is derived principally from the Reading Beds overlying same.	19
Ammonia.	Albu- minoid.	0009 0049 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	.0010 .0074 .0006 .007 .0012 .0065	0008 001 001 0002	.0036	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Free.					.015 .004 .093 .004 .004 .0 .001 .007
Orgon	absorbed in 4 hours.	.059 .091 .109		.023 .018	.037	
.01	Chlorin	1.84 1.99 1.79 1.80		2.39 1.86 4.8	.02830.49	13.67 16.0 2.14 2.00 3.25 3.28
	Mitrogen as Nitrates.	.230 .209 .214		.334 .54 .43	.028	.02 0 .071 .67 .482 .665
nees.	Perma- nent.	9999		3.7.8 2.4.4	:	9 : 99 : 9
Hardness	Total.	19.2	18.6 18.8 18.5	25.2 26.6 28.4	8.2	7.0 16.7 35.0 26.8 24.8
Total	Solution.	29.3 29.9 29.9	29.9 28.8 29.1	33·2 34·0 53·0	0.96	123.2
	Source or Description.	Waters supplied by London Companies. New River (River Lea and Wells) East London (River Lea) West Middlesex (Thames) Southwark and Varixhall (Thames)	Grand Junction (Thames) Lambeth (Thames) Chelsea (Thames)	Water supplied from deep wells. Chalk—Kent (London Company) Sudbury, Suffolk	Chalk, etc. (see Remarks)—Southend	Artesian Well at Blackfriars Artesian Well at Newngton New Red Sandstone-Wolverhampton Coventry (Whitley) Liverpool (Green) Lane Well) Kentish Rag Stone, near Maidstone

					II I DI			***		0.				~*			00	
(Average of many Brewery wells.	(The solids contain sulphates		Well in gravel beds.	Well 15 feet deep, in river gravel.	Average of a great many wells, various depths, in gravel	Average of 40 wells in gravel, liable to pollution.		Moorland, Millstone Grit.	Moorland.	Moorland, Silurian rocks.	Cultivated land, subsoil, North-	Principally moorland, subsoil granite.	Average of analyses taken weekly throughout year 1892.	Average daily, every 2 hours,	* * *	The analyses of sewage are ex-		
.004	003 004	.005	.0005 .005	200-	800. 900.	.020	000	.003	:	;	0114	-005	-017	.504	.009	.493	.147	.027
•	.003	.005 -005		-003 -007	900-	.017	•	.005		.005	0	-0007 -002	34.0 19.0 6.5 199 1.75 186 007 017	4.32	4.23	3.00	0.34	.005 -027
.056	;	:	.020	.033	:	.25				.132	.100	.124	.186	94.46	5.27	2.94		:
0 14.85 .056 0 1.95	6.5	:	5.0	3.4	8.5	1.6	i i	1.4	1.5	6.	1.51	014 1.14 .124	1.75	15.7 4.46 4.32	3.251.13 4.55	11.47 2.94	8.530.83	800 750 .03 2000
	80.	:	1.20	86.	9.1	4.7	000		0	0	.043	.014	.199	;	: 88	0	3.43	.03
6.7	:	4.0	11.4	14.3	:	:		0.01	;	:	1.0	2.1	6.5	;	; ;	;	:	750
10.0	:	10.0	21.4	31.4	;	33.0	-	10.01	9.9	2.4	15.0	2.1	19.0	:	::	:	:	800
68.4 10.0 40.5 28.2 6.7	220.0	13.5 10.0 4.0	49.3 21.4 11.4 1.20	51.4 31.414.3 .98	111.0 1.6	123.0 33.0 2.4	0.10	17.0 10.010.0	9.3	4.16	20.4 15.0 7.0	2.8 2.1 2.1	34.0	0.98	129.7	157.9	8.16	3800
Oolites—Spalding Peterborough	Keuper or Marl Beds, Burton-on-Trent	Carboniferous Limestone, Ingleton, Yorks	Waters from shallow wells. Burnham, Essex (public supply)	St. Neots, Hunts (public supply)	Burton-on-Trent (private wells)	Southminster, Essex (private wells)	Waters supplied from upland surfaces.	Glasgow, Loen Katrine	Liverpool, Rivington Pike	Liverpool, Lake Vyrnwy	Kettering	Plymouth	Other waters, &c. River Thames at Hampton	London Sewage-Northern outfall	Crovdon Sewage—Effluent from Farm	:	Effluent from Bacteria	Sea Water

TABLE XVI.—QUANTITY OF BRICKWORK IN CIRCULAR SEWERS, CULVERTS, OF WELLS.

NOTE.—The quantity of earth displaced will be the sum of the contents and brickwork added together.

Inte		Contents of One	Brickw Lineal	Internal Diameter.		Contents of One	Brickwork per Lineal Yard.		
Diam	eter.	Lineal Yard.	4½ Inches Thick.	9 Inches Thick.	Dian	eter.	Lineal Yard.	9 Inches Thick.	14 Inches Thick.
ft.	in.	cub. ft.	cub. ft.	cub. ft.	ft.	in.	cub. ft.	cub. ft.	cub. ft.
1	6	5.3	6.6	15.9	6	0	84.8	47.7	75.6
1	9	7.2	7.5	17.7	6	6	99.5	51.2	80.8
2	0	9.4	8.4	19.4	7	0	115.5	54.8	86.1
2	3	11.9	9.3	21.2	7	6	132.5	58.3	91.5
2	6	14.7	10.1	23.0	8	0	150.8	61.8	96.8
2	9	17.8	11.0	24.7	8	6	170.2	65.4	102.1
3	0	21.2	11.9	26.5	9	0	190.9	68.9	107.4
3	3	24.9	12.7	28.3	9	6	212.6	72.4	112.7
3	6	28.9	13.7	30.0	10	0	235.6	76.0	118.0
3	9	33.1	14.6	31.8	11	0	285.1	83.1	128.5
4	0	37.6	15.5	33.6	12	0	339 · 3	90.0	139 · 1
4	6	47.7	17.2	37.1	13	0	398 · 2	97.2	149.8
5	0	58.9	19.0	40.6	14	0	461.8	104.2	160.35
5	6	71.3	20.7	44.2	15	0	530 · 1	111.3	171.0

TABLE XVII.—QUANTITY OF BRICKWORK IN EGG-SHAPED SEWERS.

Internal	Contents of One		ork per l Yard.	Internal	Contents of One	Brickwork per Lineal Yard.	
Dimensions.	Lineal Yard.	4½ In. Thick.	9 In. Thick.	Dimensions.	Liueal Yard.	4½ In. Thick.	9 In. Thick.
$ \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 0 \times 1 \\ 2 & 3 \times 1 \\ 2 & 6 \times 1 \end{array} $	cub ft. 6 · 0 6 · 8 · 2 8 · 9 · 4 10 · 11 · 4 0 · 13 · 6 2 · 15 · 9	cub. ft. 7·4 8·1 8·8 9·5 10·2 10·9	cub. ft. 16·5 18·8 20·1 21·4 22·7 24·0	ft. in. ft. in. 3 6×2 4 3 9×2 6 4 0×2 8 4 6×3 0 5 0×3 4 6 0×4 0	18·5 21·2 24·2 32·9 37·7	cub. ft. 11·6 12·4 13·0 14·4 15·8 18·8	cub. ft. 25·5 26·9 28·3 31·1 34·0 39·4

In egg-shaped sewers about one-seventh part of the brickwork forms the invert, three-sevenths the top, and three-sevenths the sides. The two former should generally be built with radiating bricks of the radius required in each case.

TABLE XVIII.-WEIGHT of CAST-IRON PIPES.

Note.—The weight includes proportion due to sockets, pipes of 2 and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches diameter being in 6-feet lengths, pipes 3 to 12 inches inclusive in 9-feet lengths, and those of larger size in 12-feet lengths, exclusive of socket.

Internal		ressure not ing 150 Feet.		ressure not ng 300 Feet.		essure not ng 500 Feet.
Diameter of Pipe.	Thick- ness of Metal.	Weight per Yard.	Thick- ness of Metal.	Weight per Yard.	Thick- ness of Metal.	Weight per Yard.
inches 2	inch 9	cwt. qrs. lbs. 0 0 24	inch	cwt. qrs lbs 0 0 26	inch	cwt. qrs. ibs.
$2\frac{1}{2}$	5 16	0 1 0	11 32	0 1 2	3 8	0 1 6
3	5 16	0 1 5	11 32	0 1 9	3 8	0 1 14
4	$\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 22	3 8	0 1 26	7 16	0 2 5
5	3 8	0 2 14	7 16	0 2 21	1/2	0 3 4
6	38	0 2 21	18	0 3 5	1/2	0 3 21
7	18	0 3 24	1/2	1 0 12	76	1 1 0
8	18	1 0 12	1/2	1 1 0	16	1 1 21
9	1/2	1 1 12	10	1 2 2	<u>5</u>	1 2 21
10	1/2	1 2 0	16	1 2 21	58	1 3 14
12		2 0 0		0 0 07		
14	16	2 2 18	5 8	2 0 25	11/16	2 1 21
15	5	2 3 7	11/16	2 3 21	34	3 0 21
16	5 8	3 0 0	11 16	3 0 10	13	3 2 14
18	5 8	3 2 0	34	3 2 9	7 8	4 0 21
10	16	3 2 0	34	4 0 0	15	4 3 21
21	11	4 1 0	13	5 0 0	1	6 1 14
24	34	5 1 0	7 8	6 1 0	11	8 0 0
27	3 4	6 0 0	15	7 2 0	1 3 1 6	9 1 0
30	7 8	7 3 14	1	8 3 21	11	11 1 0
36	1	10 2 21	11	11 2 14	11/2	15 3 14
			8		-2	
1200						

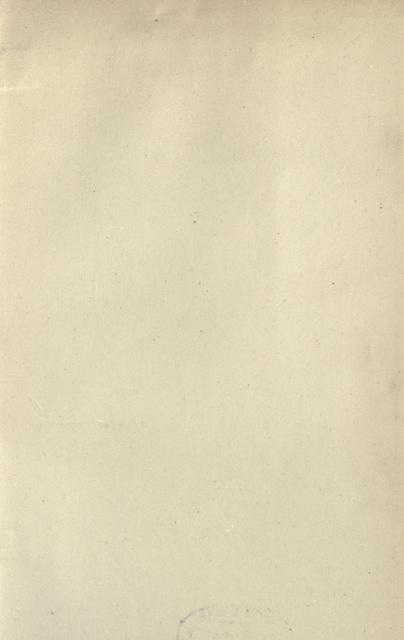
TABLE XIX, -WEIGHT OF LEAD PIPES.

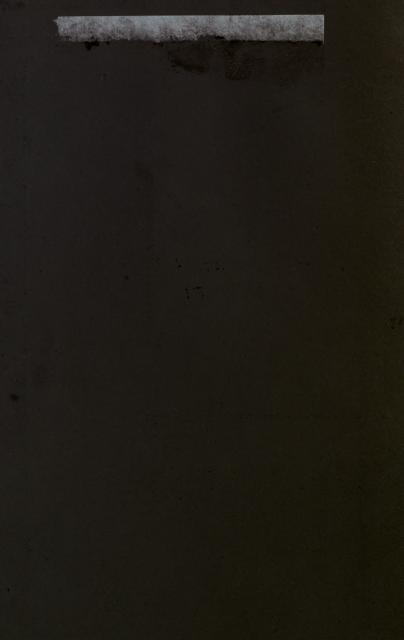
NOTE.—Columns 1, 2, and 3 are the pipes usually known as "common," "middling," and "strong" respectively, the figures in parenthesis show the weights per length of the coil according to which they are generally specified The "common" are available only for pipes with open ends, the "middling" for very slight pressures, and the

Column 4 are the weights prescribed by the Metropolis Water Act, 1871, and by the regulations of very many towns, and are available for pressures up to 200 feet or thereabouts. "strong" for pressure of about 50 feet.

Column 5 are those prescribed at Norwich and some other towns where the pressure is unusually great.

	No. 5.	52	2	6	11	91	223	93
	No. 4.	īG	9	T ^{to}	6	12	16	24
Weight per Yard in Lbs.	No. 3.		$5\frac{1}{5}$ (26 lbs. to 15 ft.)		71 (36 lbs. to 15 ft.)	$9\frac{3}{5}$ (46 lbs. to 15 ft.)	13 (53 lbs. to 12 ft.)	17½ (70 lbs. to 12 ft.)
Weight pe	No. 2.	:	4g (22 lbs. to 15 ft.)	:	53 (28 lbs. to 15 ft.)	8 (40 lbs. to 15 ft.)	11 (44 lbs. to 12 ft.)	14 (56 lbs. to 12 ft.)
	No. 1.		3½ (16 lbs. to 15 ft.)		4\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	6 (30 lbs. to 15 ft.)	9 (36 lbs. to 12 ft.)	12 (48 lbs. to 12 ft.)
Internal	of Pipe.	ş inch	F403	es/so	00/4s E		14 ,,	13 "





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